TOWN OF PAWLING



EMPLOYEE HANDBOOK

Adopted by Resolution of the Town Board on May 8, 2024

Updated by Resolution of the Town Board on October 15, 2025



Human Resource Solutions Made Simple

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Town of Pawling Employee Handbook

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- D. TOWN OF PAWLING EMPLOYEE COMPLAINT FORM

100 INTRODUCTION

101 Welcome Message

We would like to welcome you and congratulate you on your appointment to a position with the Town of Pawling. As a part of our team, you take on an extremely important role, that of serving the members of our community. Together, our mission is to provide costeffective services that conform to the highest standards of quality.

This Employee Handbook is designed to familiarize you with your employment and to help ensure government compliance, foster positive employee relationships, and contribute to the overall success of the Town in delivering services to the public effectively and efficiently.

Please keep in mind that this is only an overview of the Town's policies and procedures, employee benefits, and the Civil Service System. Specific questions concerning employment matters should be addressed to your Department Head.

We trust that you will find service with the Town of Pawling rewarding both personally and professionally.

102 A Message for Our Unions

This Employee Handbook has been developed by the Town of Pawling to assist you in getting acquainted with your employment with the Town. A cooperative labor-management relationship not only lends to a positive work environment but also helps ensure fair treatment in the workplace.

It is important that all employees understand the personnel policies and procedures and work rules outlined in this Employee Handbook. For union members, the collective bargaining agreement governs the terms and conditions of employment. You are encouraged to obtain a copy of your collective bargaining agreement from your union representative. Anywhere that the Agreement and this Handbook conflict, the Agreement will control. However, in certain instances where the Handbook covers an issue that is not the subject of bargaining, this Handbook will control. We have made every effort to acknowledge these situations. If you have any questions, you should contact your Department Head or union representative.

We hope that your career with the Town of Pawling will be an enjoyable experience.

103 Previous Personnel Policies / Employee Handbook

Unless otherwise specified, this Employee Handbook supersedes and replaces any previous employee handbook issued by the Town concerning all policies contained herein.

104 Definitions

Town of Pawling – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, the Town of Pawling may be referred to as the "Town".

Town Board – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, "Town Board" will mean the Town Board of the Town of Pawling.

Elected Official – For the purposes of this Employee Handbook, "Elected Official" will mean and refer to any of the following elected officials of the Town of Pawling:

- Town Supervisor
- Town Board Members
- Town Justices (2)
- Town Clerk
- Superintendent of Highways
- Receiver of Taxes

Town Supervisor – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, "Town Supervisor" will mean the Town Supervisor of the Town of Pawling. When referenced in this Employee Handbook, Town Supervisor shall also mean an individual acting with the Town Supervisor's properly designated authority.

Department Head – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, "Department Head" will mean the person in charge of any department, agency, bureau, unit, or subdivision of the Town of Pawling. This definition will be applicable in the event such person is serving in an acting, temporary, or provisional status in the position of Department Head. This term shall also include the Town Supervisor, where an individual otherwise designated as Department Head or any other individual must report directly to the Town Supervisor.

Supervisor – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, "supervisor" will mean the individual so designated by the Department Head to direct and inspect the performance of employees.

Employee – For the purposes of this Employee Handbook, "employee" will mean a person employed by the Town, including, but not limited to, an appointed official, an appointed member of a board or commission, Department Head, managerial employee, confidential employee, supervisory employee, provisional employee, probationary employee, temporary employee, seasonal employee, trainee, or student intern, but not an independent contractor.

Civil Service Law – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, "Civil Service Law" shall mean the New York State Civil Service Law and shall include the *Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County*.

105 Employee Classifications

For purposes of this Employee Handbook, the following terms shall be defined as indicated. The definition provided for each of these terms applies only within the context of this Employee Handbook. The meaning and use of these terms or similar terms may be different in the context of Civil Service Rules or a collective bargaining agreement.

Full-Time Employees – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, the term "full-time employee" will mean an employee who is regularly scheduled to work a minimum of thirty-five hours per week.

Part-Time Employees – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, the term "part-time employee" will mean an employee who is scheduled on a regular and on-going basis to work up to seventeen and a half hours per week.

Temporary Employees – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, the term "temporary employee" will mean an employee who is employed on an interim or sporadic basis, or who is employed to work on a special, emergency, or on-call basis for a specified period, consistent with the Civil Service Law as applicable.

Seasonal Employees – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, the term "seasonal employee" will mean an employee who is employed to work for a given season or portion thereof.

FLSA Non-Exempt Employees – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, the term "FLSA non-exempt employee" will mean a covered employee who is subject to the minimum wage and overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act.

FLSA Exempt Employees – For purposes of this Employee Handbook, "FLSA exempt employee" will mean a covered employee who qualifies for an exemption from the minimum wage and overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), or an employee who is not covered under the FLSA.

106 The Purpose of this Employee Handbook

Statement of Purpose – The purpose of this Employee Handbook is to communicate the Town's personnel policies and practices to all employees and Elected Officials. It is extremely important that each employee understand the policies that relate to rules, regulations, procedures, practices, work standards, employment classifications, compensation, and benefits. This Employee Handbook is not a contract of employment, express or implied, and should not be construed as such. That is, employment can be terminated at any time at the will of either the employer or the employee, subject only to such procedural requirements as may be specified pursuant to New York State Civil Service Law, Town Law, collective bargaining agreement, or any other applicable law, rule, or regulation. The provisions and policies contained in this Employee Handbook are intended to supersede any and all prior manuals, guidelines or related policies issued by the Town of Pawling.

Unless otherwise required by law, the provisions of this Employee Handbook are for Town use only and do not apply in any criminal or civil proceeding. The Employee Handbook provisions shall not be construed as a creation of higher legal standard of safety or care. Notwithstanding the above, a violation of a Handbook provision may form the basis for administrative action by the Town and any subsequent judicial or administrative proceeding.

Collective Bargaining Agreements – In the event an expressed and explicit provision set forth in a collective bargaining agreement between the Town of Pawling and an employee organization as defined by the Public Employees' Fair Employment Act (Taylor Law) should conflict with an employee benefit, personnel policy, personnel procedure, or other provision set forth in this Employee Handbook, the expressed and explicit provision of the collective bargaining agreement will control. Otherwise, unless expressly excluded herein, this Employee Handbook will be applicable to all employees.

Questions – Any questions regarding any topic covered in this Employee Handbook should be directed to the appropriate Department Head.

107 Changes or Modifications

Rights of the Town Board – The Town Board reserves the right to interpret, change, modify, or eliminate any provision contained in this Employee Handbook.

Governmental Actions – This Employee Handbook is subject to alteration by resolutions of the Town Board, changes in Town and/or departmental rules, or changes in federal, state or local statutes, rules, or regulations. (This is not meant to be a comprehensive list).

Statutes, Laws and Ordinances – In the event a federal or state statute or a Town Law or ordinance should conflict with any provision contained in this Employee Handbook, then such statute, law or ordinance will prevail.

200 THE CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM

The following is intended as a guide for informational purposes. The Civil Service Law and the *Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County* shall govern regarding the jurisdictional classification of positions and the appointment and promotion of personnel.

201 The Unclassified and Classified Services

Unclassified Service – In accordance with Civil Service Law and for purposes of this Employee Handbook, the term "Unclassified Service" will include all individuals who are Elected Officials and/or members of boards or commissions.

Classified Service – In accordance with Civil Service Law and for purposes of this Employee Handbook, the term "Classified Service" as defined by the Civil Service Law and the Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County will include all Town employees who are subject to the Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County. The Classified Service is divided into four jurisdictional classes:

- Exempt those positions, other than unskilled labor positions, for which competitive or non-competitive examinations or other qualification requirements are not practicable (Civil Service Law, Section 41);
- **Competitive** those positions for which it is practicable to determine merit and fitness by competitive examination;
- **Non-Competitive** those positions not in the exempt class or the labor class for which it is not practicable to determine merit and fitness by competitive examination, but rather by a review of training and experience; and,
- **Labor** unskilled labor positions, except those positions which can be examined for competitively.

202 Civil Service Appointments

Competitive Class – In accordance with Civil Service Law, the following types of appointments may be made to positions in the Competitive Class:

- Permanent an appointment to a vacant position in the Competitive Class from an eligible list established as a result of examination, following successful completion of a probationary term;
- Provisional an appointment to a vacant position in the Competitive Class when there
 is not an appropriate eligible list. A provisional appointee must take an examination
 whenever it is scheduled. Thereafter, a permanent appointment will be made on the
 basis of the eligible list resulting from the examination; or

Temporary – an appointment to a position in the Competitive Class for reasons including, but not limited to: emergency work projects; planned termination of the position after a limited time; to replace an employee who is on a leave of absence; to fill a position funded through a temporary grant; or to fill a position vacated by the promotion of another employee until the employee who has been promoted receives permanent status.

203 Examinations and Promotions

Examinations – In accordance with Civil Service Law, in the event there is a vacancy in a new or existing position in the Competitive Class which the Town intends to maintain, the Town will fill the vacancy by selection from the eligible list certified by the Dutchess County Department of Human Resources of persons who have taken the appropriate Civil Service examination. The Dutchess County Department of Human Resources will test and rank each candidate according to the individual's performance on the examination. In accordance with Civil Service Law Section 61, the Town will select one of the top three eligible candidates on the list willing to fill the position.

Promotions – The Town will offer opportunities for advancement for those employees who qualify. In the event the position is in the Competitive Class, a qualified employee must normally take a promotional examination and the above "one of three" rule will apply. An employee who wants to be promoted should become knowledgeable about the employee's present position and be aware of higher level positions for which the employee may be qualified.

204 Veterans Credits

Summary – An employee who is a veteran as defined by the Civil Service Law may be eligible to apply for veteran's credits on a Civil Service examination. An employee who is a veteran should contact the Dutchess County Department of Human Resources for details concerning these credits.

300 EMPLOYMENT MATTERS

301 Oath of Office

Requirement – Each Public Officer as defined in the Public Officers Law must take the Oath of Office in accordance with Town Law Section 25 and Public Officers Law Section 10, which must be administered prior to commencing the duties of the office. Each official who is re-elected or re-appointed to a subsequent term must take the Oath of Office for each term.

Upon original appointment or upon a new appointment following an interruption of continuous service, each employee (other than an employee in the labor class) must take an oath or alternate affirmation as set forth in Civil Service Law Section 62.

Filing of Oath – The Oath of Office is filed in the Town Clerk's Office within thirty calendar days of the Public Officer's commencement of the term of office, or upon an employee's appointment.

302 Procedure for Filling Vacancies

Statement of Compliance – The Town of Pawling is an Equal Opportunity Employer. The Town complies with all applicable federal, state and local laws, rules, and regulations throughout the employee selection process, including, but not limited to, Public Officers Law, Town Law, Civil Service Law, Title VII, Human Rights Law, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, and the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Notification of Vacancies – In the event there is a vacancy in a new or existing position which the Town intends to maintain, the vacancy may be advertised and/or posted and qualified individuals interviewed. The Town reserves the right to fill a position either internally or with an external candidate. The Town may decline to advertise and/or post the vacancy if it feels that it is in the best interest of the Town to promote or appoint a current Town employee to the position.

Employment Applications – The Town relies upon the accuracy of information contained in the employment application, as well as the accuracy of other data presented throughout the hiring process. Any misrepresentations, falsifications, or material omissions in any of this information or data may result in the Town's exclusion of the individual from further consideration for employment or disqualification if the conduct is discovered after employment commences.

Employment Reference and Background Checks – To ensure that individuals who join the Town are well qualified and have a strong potential to be productive and successful, it is the policy of the Town to check the employment references of final applicants. In addition, final applicants will be required to complete a hold harmless statement and release in order for the Town to conduct appropriate background checks.

303 Probationary Period

Except as otherwise provided in a collective bargaining agreement, the *Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County* provide for the following, which is applicable to employees appointed, promoted or transferred pursuant to the Civil Service laws. Additional provisions may also apply in accordance with those rules.

Purpose of Probationary Period – The purpose of the probationary period is for an employee to become familiar with the specific duties and responsibilities of the employee's new position. The probationary period also provides the Department Head with an opportunity to evaluate the employee's job performance and potential for development in the position.

Length of Probationary Period – Except as otherwise provided in the *Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County*, every permanent appointment from an open-competitive list and every permanent appointment to a position in the non-competitive, exempt or labor class shall be for a probationary term of not less than eight (8) weeks nor more than twenty-six (26). The length of the probationary period may be extended in accordance with the *Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County*.

Successful Completion of Probationary Period — An employee's appointment will become permanent upon <u>written notice</u> that the probationary period has been successfully completed following the minimum period of service required. <u>Or</u>, the employee's appointment will become permanent upon the retention of the employee after completion of the maximum period of service required. Except as otherwise provided by law or a collective bargaining agreement, completion of the probationary period does not necessarily confer rights or privileges in the position.

Employment Status During Probationary Period – During the probationary period (at any time after the completion of the minimum probationary period and before completion of the maximum probationary period), an employee will be subject to demotion, suspension, or discharge at the Town's sole discretion. If the performance or conduct of an employee serving a probationary period who has been promoted or transferred from a permanent appointment (as defined by civil service regulations) is not satisfactory, the employee shall be returned to the employee's former permanent position prior to the end of the probationary period.

304 New Employee Orientation

Procedure – The purpose of the new employee orientation is to welcome new employees and to familiarize them with the Town and their job. The orientation process generally consists of, but is not limited to, a tour of the employee's assigned worksite, distribution and review of this employee handbook, and enrollment in benefit plans, if applicable. During an the new employee orientation, a newly hired employee will be expected to sign and return a copy of the Employee Handbook Acknowledgement Form. A copy of this form will be maintained in the employee's personnel file.

In addition, the Town Supervisor's Office is responsible for introducing the employee to coworkers, scheduling on-the-job training, and reviewing the job description and performance requirements of the position.

305 Performance Appraisal

Except as otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement, the following shall be the procedure for conducting employee performance appraisals.

Statement of Purpose – The purpose of a performance appraisal is to evaluate employee performance. The performance appraisal will take into consideration criteria that properly reflects the employee's performance including, but not limited to, the employee's work quality, job knowledge, initiative, attendance, teamwork, conduct, and communication skills. Except as otherwise governed by a collective bargaining agreement, the employee's performance appraisal may be considered in determining a pay increase and/or as a factor in promotion or disciplinary action.

Frequency – An employee will be formally evaluated prior to completion of a probationary period and at least once each year thereafter on a date determined by the Town Supervisor. Informal evaluations will occur on an as needed basis throughout the performance cycle.

Appraisal Meeting – The Town Supervisor or Department Head will meet with the employee to review the employee's performance appraisal report.

Deficiencies – Should deficiencies be recorded in the performance of the employee, the employee will receive written recommendations for improvement.

Employee Comments – An employee's written comments, if any, will be included with the performance appraisal report.

306 Corrective Action and Discipline

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town of Pawling that certain rules and regulations regarding employee behavior are necessary for the benefit and safety of all employees, the efficient operation of the Town, and the delivery of services to residents of the Town. Any conduct that interferes with operations or that discredits the Town will not be tolerated. Each employee must conduct oneself in a positive manner so as to promote the best interests of the Town. Corrective action is necessary when an employee has demonstrated performance deficiencies, or has violated a policy, rule, regulation, or procedure. Corrective action may include counseling or initiating formal disciplinary action against an employee.

Policy Enforcement – Department Heads are primarily responsible for the discipline of their employees. All disciplinary files should be included in the employee's personnel file which are kept and maintained by the Town Supervisor's office.

Communication – Open and candid communications with all employees is an important aspect of the Town of Pawling's on-going employee relations. When a rule, policy, or procedure is violated, the employee's Department Head, or other designated supervisor, will review the specific nature of the violation with the employee. The employee's input is extremely important to ensure that all of the facts have been considered.

Counseling – Counseling employees, as opposed to initiating formal disciplinary action, may be the appropriate first step in addressing performance deficiencies or misconduct. The purpose of counseling is to inform the employee of such deficiencies or misconduct, discourage its recurrence, and inform the employee of the consequences if the behavior is repeated. When performance deficiencies are the issue, the performance standards of the job should be reviewed, along with specific examples of how the employee is not meeting those standards. Where appropriate, goals for improvement may be established, along with a time frame for achieving them. The counseling will be documented in writing and the employee will be required to acknowledge receipt by signing the memorandum. Any employee who fails to follow a supervisor's directive to sign the counseling memorandum to acknowledge receipt will be subject to disciplinary action.

Discipline – The purpose of disciplinary action is to impose penalties for performance deficiencies or misconduct. In **normal circumstances**, the Town endorses a policy of progressive discipline which includes, but may not be limited to, documented verbal reprimand, letters of reprimand, suspension without pay, or termination of employment, depending on the circumstances. The Town retains the right to discipline employees without engaging in progressive discipline or prior counseling if the situation so warrants and retains the right to discipline employees in any manner it sees fit.

Investigations – Where appropriate, an investigation will be conducted by the proper supervisor or other designated individual(s) in order to gather all pertinent information and to ensure that all the facts are considered. The investigation may include, among other things, interviews with the employee and any witnesses or other involved parties, and review of documents and materials. Employees who are participants in an investigation are not allowed to disclose the content or particulars of the investigation unless otherwise authorized. All employees who are called upon to participate in an investigation are required to fully cooperate in the process and respond truthfully to all questions posed.

Failure to do so will subject the employee to appropriate corrective action. The Town reserves the right to suspend an employee while an investigation is conducted.

During the investigation process, a union employee who appears to be a potential subject of disciplinary action may undergo questioning. Such employee will have the right to representation by the employee's certified or recognized employee organization under Civil Service Law Article 14, and will be given advanced notice of such right. In the event the employee requests representation, the employee will be allowed a reasonable period of time to obtain such representation. In the event the employee is unable to obtain such representation within a reasonable period of time, the employer will have the right to then question the employee.

Procedures – Employees covered by **Civil Service Law Section 75** shall be disciplined in accordance with the procedures contained therein. (Refer to Section 307 of this Employee Handbook). An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit should refer to the collective bargaining agreement on the subject of the disciplinary procedure, wherein the negotiated procedure is the only method of resolving challenges to disciplinary action and wholly replaces the provisions of Civil Service Law Sections 75 and 76.

Prohibited Conduct – Any employee who, after investigation, is found to have committed any of the actions listed below will be subject to corrective action, up to and including termination of employment. This list is illustrative only and does not limit the Town's right to impose discipline in other appropriate cases.

- Willful violation of Town's rules, policies, and procedures.
- Harassing (including sexual harassment), intimidating, coercing, threatening, assaulting, or creating a hostile environment against another employee, Elected Official, resident of the Town, supplier, visitor, or any other person, whether on or off Town premises.
- Engaging in any action that is in violation of the Town's Workplace Violence Prevention Policy.
- Possession of any weapon or dangerous instrument (including knives with over a three
 inch blade, firearms, and explosives) on Town property or in Town vehicles, except for
 those employees who are required as a condition of employment to bear a weapon.
- Possession, use, distribution/sale, or being under the influence of alcohol, marijuana products, or illegal drugs during hours of work or while on Town property or in Town vehicles.
- Willful or deliberate abuse, destruction, defacement, or misuse of Town property or the property of another employee, Elected Official, resident of the Town, supplier, visitor, or any other person.
- Theft or unauthorized possession, use, or removal of Town property or the property of another employee, Elected Official, resident of the Town, supplier, visitor, or any other person.
- Falsification or alteration of any records or reports including but not limited to employment applications, time records, work records, medical reports, absence reports, work-related injury reports, and claims for benefits provided by the Town.

- Preparation or manipulation of another employee's time record.
- Acts of sabotage, including the work of another employee.
- Making false statements about another employee, Elected Official, resident of the Town, supplier, visitor, or any other person. This includes knowingly making false accusations against another individual as to allegations of discrimination, sexual harassment or other harassment which is in violation of Town policy or applicable law.
- Insubordination or willful refusal to comply with the lawful order or instruction of a supervisor or Department Head.
- Improper performance of job duties or repeated failure to perform assigned duties and responsibilities.
- Violation and/or disregard of safety rules or safety practices, including failure to wear assigned safety clothing or equipment, in such a way that jeopardizes the safety of the employee, another employee, Elected Official, resident of the Town, supplier, visitor, or any other person.
- Offensive or unprofessional behavior that is contrary to the Town's best interest, or any conduct that does not warrant public trust.
- Committing any violation of the law either on or off duty or on or off the work site that compromises or adversely effects the employee's fitness or ability to perform assigned job duties.
- Unauthorized expenditure of Town funds.
- Illegal gambling while on duty.
- Willful work slow-down, work stoppage, or interfering with or restricting the performance of another employee or in any other way interfering with Town operations.
- Careless or negligent use or operation of equipment, including vehicles and machinery.
- Unauthorized absences or failure to give proper notice of an absence or tardiness.
- Excessive tardiness and/or absences except those absences covered by state and/or federal statutes.
- Leaving work area without permission, as defined by the Department Head.
- Failure to adhere to the personal appearance/dress code policy.
- Sleeping on the job, unless authorized by a Department Head or supervisor.
- Personal activity during paid work time without the express permission of the Department Head.
- Disruptive, loud, or boisterous behavior or horseplay in the workplace.
- Abusive language in the workplace, including racial slurs and epithets.
- Use of personal listening devices (e.g. IPods/MP3 players, etc., with headphones / earbuds) during paid work time without the expressed permission of the Department

Head. (Note: use of such devices is permitted during meal breaks and authorized rest breaks.

- Posting, removing, or defacing of notices, signs, or other written material without prior approval.
- Accessing another employee's workplace or computer without the permission of the employee or Town Supervisor.

This list is not intended to be comprehensive and does not limit the Town's right to impose discipline in other appropriate cases.

307 Civil Service Law Section 75

Summary – New York State Civil Service Law Section 75 establishes disciplinary procedures for covered employees. Section 75 affords a covered employee the opportunity for a hearing when charges of incompetence or misconduct have been made against the employee by the Town.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit should refer to the collective bargaining agreement on the subject of the disciplinary procedure, wherein the negotiated procedure is the only method of resolving challenges to disciplinary action.

Covered Employees – In accordance with Civil Service Law, the following employees are generally covered under Section 75:

- A newly hired employee who has not completed the minimum probationary period as specified in the *Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County*;
- An employee holding a position by permanent appointment in the **Competitive Class** of the classified Civil Service:
- An employee holding a position in the Non-Competitive or Labor Class other than
 a position designated in the Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County
 as confidential or requiring the performance of functions influencing policy, who since
 the employee's last entry into service has completed at least five years of continuous
 service in the Non-Competitive or Labor Class in a position or positions not so
 designated in the rules as confidential or requiring the performance of functions
 influencing policy;
- An employee holding a position by permanent appointment or employment in the Exempt, Competitive, Non-Competitive, or Labor Class who is a qualified veteran as defined by the Civil Service Law, or exempt volunteer firefighter, as defined by the General Municipal Law, except when such an employee holds the position of private secretary, cashier, or deputy of any official or department. Specifically, the employee must have been honorably discharged or released under honorable circumstances from the armed forces of the United States having served therein as such member in time of war as defined in Section 85 of the New York State Civil Service Law, or the employee must be an exempt volunteer firefighter as defined in the General Municipal Law.

Disciplinary Procedure – Except as otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement, the following disciplinary procedure shall apply to employees covered by Civil Service Law Section 75:

- **Notice of Discipline** An employee subject to discipline will be provided with a written Notice of Discipline (NOD) which will contain all charges and specifications.
- **Employee Answer** The employee will have eight calendar days to respond to the charges. The employee's response must be in writing.
- Disciplinary Hearing Unless there is a stipulation of settlement between the Town and the employee, the employee is afforded the right to a hearing in accordance with provisions established by Civil Service Law Section 75. The hearing upon such charges shall be held by the officer or body having the power to remove the person against whom such charges are preferred, or by a deputy or other person designated by such officer or body in writing for that purpose. The Appointing Authority will designate a hearing officer in accordance with Civil Service Law Section 75. The designation must be in writing. The hearing officer will set the time and place for the hearing. The hearing officer will make a record of the hearing which will be submitted to the Appointing Authority, with the hearing officer's recommendations, for review and decision.

Right to Representation – The employee may have representation by counsel or by a representative of a recognized or certified employee organization at the hearing and may summon witnesses on the employee's behalf.

Suspension Without Pay Pending Determination of Charges – Pending the hearing and determination of charges, the employee may be suspended without pay for a period not to exceed thirty calendar days.

Penalties – In the event the employee is found to be guilty of the charges, the penalty may consist of one of the following:

- Suspension without pay not to exceed two months;
- Demotion in grade and title; or
- Termination from Town employment.

Finding of Not-Guilty – In the event the employee is found to be not guilty of <u>all</u> charges and specifications, the employee will be restored to the employee's position with full pay for the period of suspension less the amount of any unemployment insurance benefits that the employee may have received during such period.

Limitations – Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no removal or disciplinary proceeding will be commenced more than eighteen months after the occurrence of the alleged incompetence or misconduct complained of and described in the charges. Such limitation will not apply where the incompetence or misconduct complained of and described in the charges would, if proved in a court of appropriate jurisdiction, constitute a crime.

Filing Requirements – In the event the employee is found to be guilty, a copy of the charges, the employee's written answer, a transcript of the hearing, and the determination will be maintained within the employee's personnel file. A copy will also be filed with the Dutchess County Department of Human Resources

308 Code of Ethics

Policy Statement – Pursuant to the provisions of Section 806 of the General Municipal Law, the Town Board of the Town of Pawling recognizes that there are rules of ethical conduct for public officers and employees which must be observed if a high degree of moral conduct is to be obtained and if public confidence is to maintained in our unit of local government. Therefore, the Town Board has adopted rules of ethical conduct. These rules are in addition to Article 18 of the General Municipal Law and any other general or special law relating to ethical conduct or interest in contracts of municipal officers and employees.

Definitions – For the purpose of the Town of Pawling's Code of Ethics, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

- Officer or Employee will mean and refer to an officer or employee of the Town of Pawling, whether paid or unpaid, including members of any administrative board, commission or other agency thereof. No person shall be deemed to be a municipal officer or employee solely by reason of being a volunteer firefighter or civil defense volunteer, except a chief engineer or assistant chief engineer.
- Interest will mean and refer to a pecuniary or material benefit accruing to an municipal officer or employee, unless the context otherwise requires.

Standards of Conduct – Every officer or employee of the Town of Pawling shall be subject to abide by the following standards of conduct:

- Gifts An officer or employee shall not directly or indirectly solicit any gift or accept or receive any gift having a value of seventy-five dollars or more, whether in the form of money, services, loan, travel, entertainment, hospitality, thing or promise or any other form, under circumstances in which it could reasonably be inferred that such gift was intended to influence the officer or employee, or could reasonably be expected to influence the officer or employee, in the performance of official duties or was intended as a reward for any official action on the officer's or employee's part;
- Confidential information An officer or employee shall not disclose confidential information acquired in the course of official duties or use such information to further personal interest;
- Business before the Town or one's own department An officer or employee may not receive or enter into any agreement, express or implied, for compensation for services to be rendered in relation to any matter before the Town or one's own department over which the officer or employee has jurisdiction or to which the officer or employee has the power to appoint any member, officer or employee;
- Representation before one's own agency An officer or employee shall not receive or enter into any agreement, express or implied, for compensation for services to be rendered in relation to any matter before any municipal agency of which the individual is

an officer, member or employee, or of any municipal agency over which the individual has jurisdiction or to which the individual has the power to appoint any member, officer or employee;

- Representation before any agency for a contingent fee An officer or employee shall not receive or enter into any agreement, express or implied, for compensation for services to be rendered in relation to any matter before any agency of the Town, whereby the officer's or employee's compensation is to be dependent or contingent upon any action by such agency with respect to such matters, provided that this provision will not prohibit the fixing at any time of fees based upon the reasonable value of the services rendered:
- **Disclosure of interest in legislation** To the extent that an officer or employee knows thereof, the officer or employee, whether paid or unpaid, who participates in the discussion or gives official opinion to the Town Board on any legislation before the Town Board shall publicly disclose on the official record the nature and extent of any direct or indirect financial or other private interest the officer or employee has in such legislation;
- Investments in conflict with official duties An officer or employee shall not invest or hold any investment directly or indirectly in any financial, business, commercial, or other private transaction which creates a conflict with official duties;
- Private employment An officer or employee shall not engage in, solicit, negotiate for, or promise to accept private employment, or render services for private interests, when such employment or service creates a conflict with or impairs the proper discharge of official duties;
- Future employment An officer or employee may not, after the termination of service or employment with the Town, appear before any board or agency of the Town in relation to any case, proceeding or application in which the officer or employee personally participated during the period of service or employment or which was under the officer's or employee's active consideration.

Filing of Claims – Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to bar or prevent the timely filing by a present or former public officer or employee of any claim, account, demand or suit against the Town of Pawling or any agency thereof, on behalf of the officer or employee or any member or the officer's or employee's family, arising out of any personal injury or property damage or for any lawful benefit authorized or permitted by law.

Distribution of Code of Ethics – The Supervisor of the Town of Pawling shall cause a copy of this Code of Ethics to be distributed to every officer and employee of the Town of Pawling within thirty days after the effective date of this code. Each officer and employee elected or appointed thereafter shall be furnished a copy before entering upon the duties of the office or employment.

Penalties for Offenses – In addition to any penalty contained in any other provision of law, any person who shall knowingly violate any of the provisions of this code may be fined, suspended or removed from office or employment, as the case may be, in the manner provided by law.

309 Personnel Records

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town to balance its need to obtain, use, and retain employment information with a concern for each employee's privacy. To this end, the Town will endeavor to maintain only that personnel information necessary for the conduct of the Town's business or required by federal, state, or local law. Personnel records will be maintained for current and past employees in order to document employment related decisions and comply with government record keeping and reporting requirements.

Content – The personnel records maintained by the Town include, but are not limited to, Employment Applications, Report of Personnel Change Forms; copies of job-required licenses and certificates, Federal and State Withholding Tax Forms, Retirement Enrollment/Waiver Forms, Health Insurance Enrollment/Waiver Forms, performance appraisals, grievance or dispute resolution notices, counseling memoranda, notices of discipline, and probationary reports.

Location of Files – All original personnel records for current employees will be kept in the Town Supervisor's office and will be maintained and controlled by the Legislative Aide.

Employment Eligibility Verification (I-9) Forms – All Employment Eligibility Verification (I-9) Forms will be kept in a separate file apart from the employee's personnel file.

Medical Records – All employee medical records will be kept in a separate file apart from the employee's personnel file in the Town Supervisor's office and will be maintained and controlled by the Legislative Aide. *For security purposes, these files will be locked at all times*.

Substance Testing Records – All employee substance testing records will be kept in a separate file apart from the employee's personnel file in the Town Supervisor's office and will be maintained and controlled by the Legislative Aide. *For security purposes, these files will be locked at all times*.

Change in Status – An employee must immediately notify the Town Supervisor's office of a change of name, address, telephone number, marital status, number and age of dependents, beneficiary designations, and individuals to notify in case of emergency.

Review of Personnel Files – Access to personnel files is limited. A current employee may review the contents of the employee's own personnel file by submitting a written request to the Legislative Aide, with the review to be scheduled at a mutually convenient time. An authorized official must be present when the employee inspects the file. An employee may not copy, remove, or place any material in the employee's personnel file without the approval of the Legislative Aide.

310 Separation from Employment

Notice of Resignation (Employees) – An employee who intends to resign from employment must submit a written resignation to the employee's Department Head at least two weeks before the date of resignation is to be effective. All resignations shall be filed in the Town Clerk's Office.

Completion of Notice Period – When a resignation notice is provided by an employee, the Town reserves the right to waive some or all of the notice period.

Notice of Resignation (Town Officers) – A Town Officer (as defined by Public Officers Law) must resign by delivering a written notice to the Town Clerk. If no effective date is specified, the office becomes vacant immediately upon delivery of the notice to the Town Clerk. If a Town Officer wishes to resign at some future date, the Town Officer may specify a resignation date. However, if the resignation date is more than thirty days after delivery of the notice to the Town Clerk (ninety days for Justices), the resignation will become effective thirty days after such delivery (ninety days for Justices).

Notice of Resignation (Town Clerk) – The Town Clerk who intends to resign must submit a written resignation to the Secretary of State at least thirty calendar days before the date of resignation is to be effective.

Exit Interviews – Exit interviews are normally conducted by the Town Board. The exit interview provides an opportunity to discuss a number of items including employee benefits, COBRA eligibility, changing of computer passwords, and return of Town property. During the exit interview, employees are encouraged to give suggestions, concerns and constructive recommendations.

Final Paycheck – Employees receive their final paycheck on the next regularly scheduled payday. The final paycheck includes payment for accumulated vacation benefits, if applicable.

401 Departmental Hours

Normal Hours of Operation – The normal hours of operation are established by the Town Board at the annual organizational meeting. An employee's Department Head will establish the employee's work schedule, which may differ from the normal hours of operation depending upon the particular needs and requirements of the department. The Town Board reserves the right to approve all employee work schedules, except where otherwise prohibited by applicable State or Town Law. Below are the hours for each Town Department:

Department:	Days:	Hours:
Town Hall	Monday – Friday	8:30 AM – 4:00 PM
Building Department	Monday – Friday	8:30 AM – 4:00 PM
Buildings and Grounds	Monday – Friday	7:00 AM – 3:30 PM
Planning Department	Monday – Friday	8:30 AM – 4:00 PM
Recreation	Monday – Friday	9:00 AM – 4:00 PM
Justice Department	Monday – Thursday	9:00 AM – 4:00 PM
-	Friday	9:00 AM – 3:00 PM
Assessor	Tuesday & Thursday	8:30 AM – 4:00 PM

Department Head Absences – Department Heads have duties that may require them to be absent from their offices at certain times during the day. In the event that a Department Head is absent from the office, basic departmental forms should be readily available for distribution and/or collection. It is the Department Head's responsibility to determine what services are to be provided and to schedule coverage of these basic services during scheduled business hours.

Overtime – A Department Head may require an employee to work additional hours beyond the employee's normal workday and workweek. An employee must receive prior approval from the employee's Department Head before working additional hours.

Refusal to Work Additional Hours – An employee who, after investigation, is found to have refused to work additional hours as directed will be subject to appropriate disciplinary action.

Arriving at Work Before or Leaving After Scheduled Work Hours — Arriving at work before the scheduled starting time or leaving work after the scheduled ending time for an employee's own convenience is permitted but is not to be included in working time. No work may be performed for the Town outside of the employee's regular work schedule unless prior approval has been obtained from the Department Head (i.e. unauthorized overtime is prohibited). Violations of this policy will result in appropriate corrective action. (This provision applies only to FLSA non-exempt employees.)

Union Employees – The work schedules of employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement shall be governed by the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

402 Meal and Rest Breaks

Meal Breaks – An employee who works more than six hours in a given day will receive an unpaid, duty-free meal break not to exceed thirty minutes.

Scheduling of Meal Breaks – Scheduling of meal breaks must be approved by the Department Head in accordance with the needs and requirements of the department. Meal breaks must normally be taken in the middle of the employee's workday. Unless otherwise directed by the Department Head, an employee may leave the work-site during the meal break.

Observance of Meal Breaks – In accordance with New York State regulations, an employee who works more than six hours in a given day is required to take the scheduled meal break. An employee is not allowed to work through the meal break to make up lost work time or to leave work early. In addition, the meal break may not be taken at the end of an employee's workday in order to leave work before the normal quitting time.

Rest Breaks – A full-time employee will normally receive a paid, duty-free rest break of up to fifteen minutes to be taken approximately in the middle of the first half of the employee's workday and again during the middle of the second half of the workday. In the event an employee works beyond the employee's normal workday, the employee will normally receive an additional paid, duty-free rest break of up to fifteen minutes to be taken approximately in the middle of each four hours of work that is not interrupted by a meal break. An employee who chooses not to take a rest break will not be entitled to leave before the normal quitting time and will not receive extra pay for the time worked.

Approval of Rest Breaks – Rest breaks must be approved by the employee's Department Head in accordance with the needs and requirements of the department. Unless otherwise specified by departmental rules, all rest breaks must be taken at the work-site and may not exceed the time allowed.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Meal and Rest Breaks</u> provisions set forth above and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

403 Breaks for Nursing Mothers to Express Breast Milk

Breaks for Nursing Mothers to Express Breast Milk – The Town will provide paid break time for thirty minutes, and permit an employee to use existing paid break time or meal time for time in excess of thirty minutes, to allow an employee to express breast milk for the employee's nursing child each time the employee has reasonable need to express breast milk. This policy applies to nursing mothers for up to three years following childbirth. Breaks are available to the employee during their normal work week and any overtime or additional hours worked.

Room Location and Privacy - The Town will make a reasonable effort to provide a room, other than the restroom or toilet stall, within walking distance to the employee's work area, or other location in close proximity to the work area so that nursing mothers can express milk in private. The Town may dedicate one room for the expression of breast milk or use a vacant office or other available room on a temporary basis, provided the room is not accessible to the public or other employees while the nursing employee is using the room for expression purposes. If such room is not available, the Town may make available a cubicle for use by individuals expressing breast milk, provided the cubicle is fully enclosed with a partition and is not otherwise accessible to the public or other employees while it is in use for expression purposes. The cubicle walls shall be at least seven feet tall to ensure privacy. Each room or other location used for the expression of breast milk shall adhere to the following standards:

- Be well lit through either natural or artificial light.
- Windows shall be covered with a curtain, blind, or other covering to ensure privacy for the mother as she is expressing breast milk.
- The room shall contain, at a minimum, a chair and a small table, desk, counter, or other flat surface.
- The Town will strive to provide an electrical outlet, clean water supply, and access to refrigeration for the purposes of storing the expressed milk.
- To ensure privacy, the room or other location shall not be open to other employees or the public.
- The room should have a door equipped with a functional lock. If the location is an enclosed cubicle, the Town will provide a sign advising the room or location is in use and not accessible to other employees or the public.
- The Town will maintain the cleanliness of the room or location.

Employee Notification – An employee wishing to avail herself of this break is required to give the Town advance notice, preferably prior to the employee's return to work following the birth of her child, to allow the Town an opportunity to establish a location and to schedule leave time for multiple employees, if needed.

Discrimination and Retaliation Prohibited – The Town will not discriminate or retaliate in any way against an employee who chooses to express breast milk in the workplace or who files a complaint with the Department of Labor.

404 Emergency Situations

Closing Procedures — In the event that extraordinary weather conditions or other emergencies develop prior to the beginning of the workday, the Town Supervisor or his/her designee may authorize the closing of non-emergency operations, or, if extraordinary weather conditions or other emergencies develop during a workday, the Town Supervisor or his/her designee may direct that certain employees who perform non-essential services leave work.

Notification Procedure – In the event of closure or delayed opening employees will be notified in a variety of ways. These mediums include: telephone/text chain, e-mail, and/or social media.

Delayed Opening – In the event of a delayed opening employees are expected to report after such delay, and failure to report for duty will result in time lost being charged to personal or vacation time.

Closing Effect on Compensation – Pay for FLSA exempt employees will not be affected by an emergency closing. Pay for FLSA non-exempt employees will be in accordance with the provisions below:

During Work – A full-time employee who is directed by the Town Supervisor to leave work due to an emergency closing will be paid for the remainder of the employee's normal workday at the employee's regular rate of pay. Such time will not be included as time worked for the purpose of computing overtime. A part-time employee who is directed to leave work due to an emergency closing will not be paid for the remainder of the employee's normal workday. Such employee may choose to make up the time at a later date agreed to by the Department Head.

Prior to Reporting to Work – If a determination is made to close operations prior to the start of a workday, the Town Supervisor will initiate notification to all affected employees. A full-time employee who is directed not to report to work due to an emergency closing will be paid for the employee's normal workday at the employee's regular rate of pay. A part-time employee who is directed not to report to work will not be paid for the workday. Such employee may choose to make-up the time at a later date agreed to by the Department Head.

Inclement Weather – Employees are expected to report to work and remain at work during inclement weather conditions unless otherwise notified by the Town. Employees should use their own discretion in determining whether they can commute safely to work due to inclement weather. When the Town Supervisor has not officially shut down operations, an employee who does not report to work or requests to arrive at work late or leave work early due to inclement weather must obtain authorization from his or her Department Head prior to doing so. The employee must use paid vacation or personal leave, if available, or take the time off without pay. If an FLSA exempt employee has no paid leave benefits available, the employee will only be docked if a full workday is taken.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Emergency Situations</u> provision set forth above and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

405 Time Records

Policy Statement – All employees are required to complete an individual time record showing the daily hours worked. Employees in the Highway Department and Transfer Station must punch a time card.

Procedures – An employee required to complete a time record or punch a time card must comply with the following procedures:

- Time records must be completed by the close of each workday;
- All time worked, including the beginning and ending time, must be recorded;
- All paid and unpaid leaves of absence must be recorded;
- Employees must complete their own time record or punch their own time card;
- The time record must be submitted to the Department Head at the time specified;
- The time record must be verified and signed by the Department Head;
- The time record must be submitted to the Bookkeeper by the end of the day on the Thursday that precedes a Friday payday. In the event Friday is a designated holiday the time record must be submitted by the end of the day on the Wednesday prior to the holiday.

Correction of Errors – An employee must immediately bring errors in time records to the attention of the employee's Department Head who will investigate the matter and make and initial the correction once the error has been verified.

Falsification of Time Records – An employee who, after investigation, is found to have falsified or altered a time record, or the time record of another employee, or completed a time record for another employee, will be subject to disciplinary action. In extenuating circumstances where an employee is not able to complete the employee's own time record, the Department Head may complete the time record on behalf of the employee.

406 Bonding

Insurance – The Town will provide bonding insurance for an eligible employee who is required to act in a fiduciary capacity.

407 Expense Reimbursement

Policy Statement – Upon proper authorization of the Town Board, an employee or Elected Official will be reimbursed for expenses associated with carrying out Town business, including, but not limited to, meals, lodging, mileage, parking, highway tolls, and training and membership fees. A voucher with all required documentation and corresponding receipts must be submitted to the Bookkeeper in order for the reimbursement to be processed. In order to be processed, the reimbursement must be signed off on by at least three Town Board members.

Expense Approval – Each employee is expected to exercise reasonable judgment when incurring charges that will be submitted for reimbursement. Prior approval from the Department Head and/or Town Board will be required for significant or non-standard expenditures. The Town Board reserves the right to reject reimbursement requests that are deemed unreasonable or inappropriate.

<u>Note:</u> Meal reimbursement will not include expenditures on alcohol. The Town will not reimburse any employee or Elected Official for expenses incurred while purchasing or consuming alcohol.

Mileage – An employee who is directed by the appropriate Department Head or supervisor to use the employee's own vehicle to conduct Town business will be reimbursed at the mileage rate established by the Town Board at the annual organizational meeting or the applicable collective bargaining agreement, as the case may be.

Education and Training – Upon proper authorization of the Town Board, an employee will be reimbursed for training courses that are directly related to the employee's present job. Employees must first seek approval from their Department Head before the request is presented to the Town Board.

Required Membership Fees – Upon proper authorization of the Town Board, an employee required to hold membership in a professional organization as part of the employee's job will be reimbursed for any required dues and/or fees.

Association of Towns Meeting — Upon proper authorization of the Town Board, an employee or Elected Official who attends the annual meeting conducted by the Association of Towns will be reimbursed for all reasonable expenses. Delegates to this meeting will be selected by the Town Board.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Education and Training</u> and <u>Required Membership Fees</u> provisions set forth above and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

408 Vehicle Usage

Policy Statement – All vehicles and related equipment of the Town of Pawling are owned and maintained for the purpose of conducting official business of the Town. Said vehicles and equipment may not be used for the personal use or private gain of any official or employee, nor for any other purpose which is not in the general public interest.

Standards – For the purpose of compliance with this policy, the following standards must be met at all times:

- Town vehicles and related equipment must remain under the general administrative jurisdiction and direction of the Department Head to which it is assigned.
- Town vehicles must be assigned to specific Town officials and employees for specific purposes and tasks. Said vehicles may not be used for any unauthorized purpose nor to conduct personal, private, or non-Town related business. Only the Superintendent of Highways, the Highway Foreman, and the Supervisor of Buildings and Grounds are allowed to take a Town vehicle home. The Town Supervisor may allow other employees, under certain circumstances, to take a Town owned vehicle home on a limited basis.
- Town vehicles must always be operated in a safe and responsible manner and in compliance with all applicable motor vehicle and traffic laws in effect. Employees are responsible for any driving infractions or fines that result from their operation of Town vehicles, and must report them to their Department Head. The Town is responsible and will pay for any fines which would typically be levied against the owner of the vehicle.
- Any accident involving a Town vehicle, regardless of severity, must be reported immediately to the appropriate Department Head and the Town Supervisor (or the Deputy Town Supervisor). The Department Head must file an accident report with the Town Supervisor's Office within twenty-four hours. Post-accident drug and alcohol testing must be administered immediately following the accident and no more than eight hours after the accident occurs. While on the scene, the employee must contact the Dutchess County Sheriff's Office or the New York State Police to report the accident. If necessary, an MV-104 will be completed and the employee is responsible for obtaining the case number from the responding police agency.
- The use of a cell phone when driving on Town business must be compliant with all applicable laws and/or regulations.
- Town vehicles may not be used to transport persons who are not officials or employees
 of the Town of Pawling, nor material not related to the conduct of official Town
 business, without direct authorization by the appropriate Department Head or the Town
 Board.
- Town vehicles must always be maintained in a safe and secure condition when not in use, including being locked and/or under direct observation; and all keys maintained under controlled and authorized jurisdiction of the appropriate Department Head.
- No advertisements, signs, bumper stickers or other markings of a political or commercial nature may be displayed on Town vehicles at any time, except those of a limited community service nature which have been authorized by the Town Board.

409 Driver's License / Insurance Requirements

Requirement – An employee who is required to drive either a Town-owned vehicle or the employee's own personal vehicle to conduct business on behalf of the Town, must possess at the time of appointment, and must maintain throughout employment, a valid driver's license. Proof of such license must be on file with the Town. If a personal vehicle is used to conduct business on behalf of the Town, the employee is responsible for ensuring liability insurance coverage meeting requirements is appropriately maintained.

Commercial Drivers – An employee who operates a vehicle which requires a Commercial Driver's License (CDL), must maintain such license throughout employment. Proof of such license must be on file with the Town. In accordance with the federal Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986, a commercial driver must notify the Town within thirty days of a conviction of any traffic violation (except parking), no matter where or what type of vehicle the employee was driving.

Loss of Driver's License – An employee who is required to possess a driver's license or CDL license in order to perform certain job duties and responsibilities must immediately notify the appropriate Department Head in the event the license is suspended or revoked. The loss or suspension of the driver's license or CDL license may affect the employee's continued employment with the Town, including termination of employment for inability to perform the duties of the job. The Town will utilize the NYS Department of Motor Vehicles' "License Event Notification Service" (LENS) to monitor activity that may negatively impact an employee's ability to maintain a required license.

Insurability Standards – It shall be solely the responsibility of a Town employee to meet or exceed all insurability standards, as established from time to time by the Town Board or the Town's insurance carrier, which are required for the use or operation of a Town vehicle. Any Town employee who has any of the following during the most recent three-year period will be deemed to have violated the insurability standard and will not be allowed to operate any Town vehicles:

- Conviction of DWI / DWAI
- Conviction of Reckless Driving
- Suspended or Revoked Driver's License
- Conviction of Speeding 25 MPH or more above the speed limit
- Conviction of a Drug or Alcohol offense which would materially affect one's ability to operate a vehicle
- Conviction of Hit and Run/Leaving the scene of an accident
- Conviction of Two or more at-fault accidents
- Conviction of Three or more moving violations in the past three years
- Conviction of failure to stop for stopped school bus
- Less than three years driving experience

<u>Failure to maintain acceptable insurability standards may affect the employee's employment status with the Town.</u>

410 Supplies, Tools and Equipment, and Fuel Usage

Supplies – All Town owned supplies must be used efficiently and not wasted. An employee may not use any Town supplies including, but not limited to, postage, paper, or office supplies for personal use.

Tools and Equipment – The employee must repair or replace any Town-owned tool or piece of equipment lost or damaged by the employee as a result of negligence or intentional misuse. An employee may not use any Town-owned tool or piece of equipment, including, but not limited to, fax machines, copiers and computer equipment for personal use. An employee may not use Town facilities, Town-owned tools or equipment to work on vehicles or trailers not owned by the Town.

Fuel – An employee or Elected Official may not use gasoline, fuel oil, or motor oil purchased by the Town for personal use. A Town vehicle may not be used by an employee or Elected Official for travel or personal use on their days off, or outside of work.

411 Telephone / Cell Phone Usage

Guidelines – Telephone and cell phone usage must adhere to the following guidelines:

- An employee must answer promptly and speak in a clear, friendly and courteous tone.
- An employee must give the name of the department or office and one's own name. If the call is not for the employee who answers, the employee must transfer the caller to the correct party or take a message recording all pertinent information.
- If the call must be placed on hold, the employee who answered the call must return to the line frequently to confirm that the call is being transferred.
- During office hours, each Department Head is responsible for there being at least one
 employee in the department or office to answer telephones. If the department or office
 has a limited staff, arrangements must be made with another department or office for
 telephone coverage or an answering device must be in operation.
- An employee may not make or receive personal telephone or cell phone calls during work hours, except on a limited basis or to check briefly on family matters.
- Use of a cell phone for personal text messaging during work hours should be limited.
- The use of Town issued cell phones is monitored to ensure no excessive or inappropriate use occurs.
- The use of a cell phone while driving on Town business must be in compliance with all applicable laws.

Personal Cell Phone / **Electronic Device Usage** – Employees are permitted to carry personal cell phones during working hours but must adhere to the guidelines shown below. These guidelines do not apply to Town-owned cell phones that are issued for the specific use of an employee's job duties. Where the term cell phone is used in these guidelines, it shall be considered to include all types of portable electronic devices (e.g. iPads, Kindles, MP3 players, netbooks, etc.)

- Cell phones should not be used for personal purposes during work hours except on a limited basis or when the employee is on an authorized break period.
- Personal text messages that are sent during work hours should be limited and should not interfere with the employee's work.
- No web browsing, movies, or all other uses of cell phones will be allowed during working hours.
- Personal cell phones that are broken, damaged or lost during working hours will not be replaced or paid for by the Town.

412 Use of Communication Systems and Equipment

Policy Statement – The purpose of this policy is to provide the following requirements for the use of Town-owned communication systems and equipment. Communication systems and equipment include but are not limited to computer systems, internet services, hardware, software, laptops, tablets, smart phones, cell phones, land-line phones, printers, facsimile machines, copiers, and scanning devices.

Property – All communication systems, equipment and files are the property of the Town. This includes the messages created, transmitted, and stored on such systems and equipment.

Usage – All communication systems and equipment are provided to an employee for the purpose of aiding that employee in the performance of the employee's job functions. All hardware and software used is to be supplied by the Town. No unauthorized or unlicensed hardware or software may be used or installed on any Town-owned computer. Any hardware or software necessary to perform job duties should be requested of the employee's Department Head.

Town's Right to Monitor Communication Systems and Equipment – There is no quarantee of privacy when using Town-owned communication systems and equipment. The Town reserves the right to enter, search, and monitor employee communication systems, equipment, and files, with or without advance notice, at any time in the normal course of business. Department Heads have the authority to inspect the contents of any Town communication systems, equipment, data/files, or electronic messages of their subordinates in the normal course of their supervisory responsibilities. In addition, the data/files of Department Heads and supervisors may be inspected by the Town Supervisor in the normal course of duty. This applies to all information, messages, and files that are created, transmitted, downloaded, received, stored, or deleted on such systems, including items that are password protected. Additionally, the Town has the authority to monitor and record each web site, chat room, and newsgroup visited on the Internet, and every electronic message and file transfer into and out of the Town's network or communication service. The Town may also monitor each employee's Internet activity and usage patterns to ensure that the Town's resources are being utilized for appropriate business purposes. Usernames and passwords are the property of the Town of Pawling. An employee may be required to disclose their username and password to a Department Head at any time.

Personal Use – Employees are responsible for exercising good judgment regarding the reasonableness of personal use. Any non-business use should be incidental and occasional and must conform to all standards set forth in this policy. Any personal use that interferes with the performance of an employee's work or burdens or compromises the effectiveness of the Town's network and equipment is strictly prohibited.

Prohibited Uses – In addition to the requirements set forth above, the following uses of Town-owned communication systems and equipment are prohibited. This list is meant to be illustrative, and not exhaustive.

- Any illegal activity;
- Threats or harassment:
- Slander or defamation;

- Transferring, viewing, displaying, storing, distributing, editing, archiving, or recording of any discriminatory message, image, or material, or any obscene, graphic, or suggestive message, image, or material;
- Activity that is in violation of any provisions set forth elsewhere in this Employee Handbook;
- Any unauthorized commercial activity;
- Accessing or attempting to access the data/files of another person, unless otherwise authorized as necessary in the course of performing Town business;
- Using or aiding in the unauthorized use of another person's password;
- Harming or destroying data/files (other than editing or deleting information in the normal course of one's job duties);
- Use of non-business software:
- Gambling;
- Use of entertainment software, such as games and puzzles;
- Installation or use of any hardware or software, not authorized by the Town;
- Installation or use of Town-owned hardware or software for any use that is not Town related business;
- Installation or use of any unauthorized or unlicensed hardware or software; and
- Installation of any software containing viruses.

Internet / Electronic Messaging Requirements

Eligibility – Internet / electronic messaging service may be provided to employees who can demonstrate a work-related reason to have access. Electronic messages (emessages) include but are not limited to e-mails, text messages, blogs, instant messages and posting to social networking or other sites. Approval must be given by the employee's Department Head or supervisor, subject to further approval of the Town Supervisor.

Proper Usage – In addition to the prohibitions set forth in the above paragraphs, any activities prohibited for any other general computer user are also prohibited with respect to Internet / e-messaging service usage. Employees are expected to communicate in a manner that will reflect positively on both themselves and the Town. Additionally, it is the responsibility of the employee to adhere to the following requirements:

- E-messaging must be used in a professional manner;
- Messages must not be threatening, insulting, obscene, abusive, or derogatory;
- Messages must not include content that constitutes workplace harassment including sexual harassment;
- E-messaging may not be used to transmit chain letters;
- Employees are responsible for saving any e-messages that they want to keep permanently;
- E-messages must not involve personal sales or solicitation or be associated with any for-profit outside business activity;
- E-messages must not involve personal not-for-profit solicitations;
- E-messages must not potentially embarrass the Town;
- Passwords should not be given to anyone other than the employee's Department Head or supervisor;
- Internet must not be used for the propagation of computer viruses;
- Internet must not be used for personal recreational activities (e.g. online games);
- Participation in non-business Internet chat groups, blogging or instant messaging is prohibited;

- As a security precaution, a workstation must not be left signed onto E-mail or the Internet while unattended for a long period of time (or overnight). Each employee must log off the network when not in use and power down at the end of the day;
- Employee Internet usage and e-messaging may be subject to filtering and may be monitored:
- Employees should be aware that deletion of any E-message or file does not truly eliminate that message or file from the system. All E-mail messages are stored on a central back-up system in the normal course of data management;
- Employees should ensure that no personal correspondence appears to be an official communication of the Town; and
- Employees may not use the Town's address for transmitting or receiving personal mail or use the Town's e-mail address for transmitting or receiving personal e-messages.

Disclosure of Information – Employees must bear in mind that e-messages are not private and its source is clearly identifiable. E-messages may remain part of the Town's business records long after they are deleted. Electronic records, including e-messages, are public records subject to state Freedom of Information Law and will be disclosed upon request unless an exemption to disclose is found to apply. In general, e-messages are subject to discovery in civil lawsuits.

Reliability – Users should be aware that because the internet is a collection of computer networks with no single central authority over information consistency, data is subject to inaccuracies. The Town is not responsible for loss or damage to a user's data or for the reliability of information that is obtained via the Internet service. Also, this information must be used in accordance with applicable copyright laws.

Reporting of Violations – Anyone with information as to a violation of this policy is to report said information to the employee's Department Head. Once the employee's Department Head is informed of the violation, a formal process, consistent with this Employee Handbook and/or applicable law, will begin.

Disciplinary Action – Any employee who violates this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment.

413 Social Media

Policy Statement – The purpose of the policy is to provide the framework for employee usage of Social Media, both inside and outside of the workplace. Social Media in general refers to internet based applications that allow for the creation and exchange of user generated content. Examples of Social Media include, but are not limited to: Facebook, Twitter, TikTok, LinkedIn, Instagram, Flickr, Snapchat, YouTube, web blogs, and web based wikis whereby users can add, modify, or delete its content via a web browser.

Usage – All employees are strictly prohibited from accessing Social Media sites from Town-owned computers or communication systems. The only exception to this rule is when the use is directly pertinent to Town business.

Posting Content on Social Media (regardless of point of access) – The following uses of Social Media are prohibited. These terms pertain to content posted from computers or communication systems that are not Town owned, as well as those that are Town property.

This list is meant to be illustrative, and not exhaustive.

- Disclosing confidential or proprietary information pertaining to matters of the Town that is not otherwise deemed accessible to the general public under the Freedom of Information Law (Public Officers Law Article 6, §§84-90).
- Matters which will imperil the public safety if disclosed.
- Promoting or endorsing any illegal activities.
- Threatening, promoting, or endorsing violence.
- Directing comments, or sharing images that are discriminatory or insensitive to any individual or group based on race, religion, gender, disability, sexual orientation, national origin, or any other characteristic protected by law.
- Knowingly making false or misleading statements about the Town, or its employees, services, or Elected Officials.
- Posting, uploading, or sharing images that have been taken while performing duties as an agent of the Town, or while wearing Town uniforms – the only exception to this rule is when it is directly pertinent to Town business and such posting, uploading, or sharing of images is authorized in advance by the appropriate Department Head.
- Representing that an opinion or statement is the policy or view of the Town, or of any individual acting in their capacity as a Town employee or official, or otherwise on behalf of the Town, when that is not the case.
- Posting anything in the name of the Town or in a manner that could reasonably be attributed to the Town without prior written authorization from the applicable Department Head.
- Using the name of the Town or a Town e-mail address in conjunction with a personal blog or Social Media account.

An employee's Social Media usage must comply with Town policies pertaining to but not limited to Non-Discrimination and Harassment, Confidentiality, Violence in the Workplace, and Substance Abuse. Any harassment, bullying, discrimination, or retaliation that would not be permissible in the workplace is not permissible between co-workers online, even if it is done after hours, outside of the workplace, using computers or communication systems that are not Town-owned.

Notwithstanding the above, nothing in this policy is designed to interfere with, restrain, or prevent employee communications regarding wages, hours, or other terms and conditions of employment. Nor is it meant to imply any restriction or diminishment of an employee's right to appropriately engage in protected concerted activity under applicable law, such as the Taylor Law. Town employees have the right to engage in or refrain from such activities as they choose.

Reporting of Violations – Anyone with information as to a violation of this policy is to report said information to the appropriate Department Head. Once the Department Head is informed of the violation, a formal process, consistent with this Employee Handbook and/or applicable law, will begin.

Disciplinary Action – An employee who violates this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment.

414 Personal Appearance

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town that each employee's dress, grooming and personal hygiene should be appropriate to the work situation.

Standards – An employee must maintain a personal appearance in a manner that reflects a good image to the public. Acceptable personal appearance is an ongoing requirement of employment with the Town. Radical departures from conventional dress or personal grooming and hygiene standards are not permitted. Employees should not wear suggestive attire, athletic clothing, shorts (unless otherwise approved), tank tops, novelty buttons, and similar items of casual attire since this clothing does not present a businesslike appearance.

Casual Day – The Town Hall has designated Fridays as "casual day", whereby employees are permitted to dress in a more casual fashion than is normally required. This policy does not apply to employees who are required to wear uniforms or other types of special clothing. On casual days, employees are still expected to present a neat appearance. The Town Supervisor reserves the right to notify an employee if dress is deemed to be inappropriate.

Safety Clothing and Equipment – An employee may be required to wear safety clothing and equipment as directed by the Department Head. If such is the case, the employee must comply with all safety requirements.

Uniforms – An employee may be required to wear a uniform as directed by the Department Head and/or as provided in a collective bargaining agreement. If such is the case, the employee must comply with all requirements.

Clothing Allowance – The Highway Foreman, and all full-time and part-time employees in the Parks, Golf Course, and Buildings and Grounds Department will be provided with a "clothing allowance," to purchase certain approved articles of clothing. The specific amount of the clothing allowance provided to these employees will be determined by the Town Board on an annual basis.

Identification Cards – Full-time and part-time employees will be issued a photo identification card which should be carried at all times during working hours. An employee may be required to display the card while on duty or to produce the card to verify their status as a Town employee.

415 Solicitations/Distributions

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town to prohibit solicitation and distribution on its premises by non-employees and to permit solicitation and distribution by employees only as outlined below.

During Working Hours – An employee may not distribute literature or solicit other employees during working hours without approval from the appropriate Department Head.

During Meal and Rest Breaks – With permission from the Department Head, an employee may distribute literature and solicit other employees during meal and rest breaks provided it does not interfere with the normal operations of the department, reduce employee efficiency, annoy fellow employees, or pose a threat to the Town's security.

416 Disclosure of Information

Policy Statement – The Town of Pawling promotes open government and complies with all requirements regarding public access to information. However, the Town recognizes that certain documents, records, and other information pertaining to Town operations and activities contain sensitive and confidential information about Town residents and others who do business with or on behalf of the Town and/or its residents. Such information cannot be photocopied, duplicated, discussed, or otherwise disclosed to any outside party except in accordance with the Freedom of Information Law or any other applicable laws and regulations. An employee or Elected Official is also prohibited from sharing or otherwise disclosing such information with other Town employees, family members or friends who do not have a Town business reason to have such information.

Responsibility for Security of Confidential Information – Elected Officials, Department Heads and employees are responsible for maintaining the security of documents, records and other information that fall within their department operations. Any request from outside parties for disclosure of information under the Freedom of Information Law or any other applicable laws or regulations must be submitted to the Town Clerk.

Employee Personal Information – An employee should never provide a caller or visitor with confidential information regarding employees, including home addresses and personal telephone numbers. An employee should take the person's name and telephone number and inform the caller/visitor that a message will be forwarded to the employee.

417 Visitors

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town not to allow personal visitors during working hours, except for emergency situations. Visitors are allowed for brief visits during an employee's meal break as long as such visit does not interfere with Town operations or interrupt other employees who are still working.

418 Purchasing / Credit Cards

Policy Statement – The Town has established an official procurement policy and a Credit Card Use Policy that must be followed without exception. No employee shall make purchases for the Town, or use the Town's name to make purchases, or use a Town credit card or gas card, unless so authorized by the Town Board and in adherence to the procedures set forth in these policies.

419 Maintenance of Work Area

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town that work areas must be kept safe, clean and orderly at all times.

Employee Responsibility – Employees are responsible for maintaining their work area in a safe and orderly fashion. As such, each employee should, at a minimum, do the following:

- Place coats, boots, umbrellas and other items of clothing in designated areas so that work areas are not unnecessarily cluttered;
- Consume food or beverages only in designated areas so that work areas are kept free of food and related litter;
- Report any existing or potential workplace hazards and safety violations to the Department Head;
- Abide by the smoking policy as specified in this Employee Handbook;
- Clean and store all tools and equipment and properly store any items, papers or confidential information in a manner prescribed by the Department Head.

Supervisory Responsibility – Supervisors are responsible for having their employees maintain their work areas according to the requirements of this policy. Each supervisor should:

- Make sure that aisles, floors and walls are free from debris and other unnecessary items;
- Monitor the facilities and equipment and issue maintenance requests where appropriate;
- Arrange for the removal of any items from the workplace that are not needed for the flow of business or the enhancement of employee comfort;
- Abide by and enforce the Town's smoking policy;
- Ensure the proper disposal of all trash and waste.

420 Personal Property

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town to ask each employee to refrain from bringing unnecessary or inappropriate personal property to work. The Town recognizes that an employee may need to bring certain items to work. However, employees should take care to ensure that personal property brought to the workplace does not disrupt work or pose a safety risk to other employees.

Personal Liability – An employee is expected to exercise reasonable care to safeguard personal items brought to work. Except as otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement, the Town will not repair, replace, or reimburse an employee for the damage or loss of the employee's personal property. An employee bringing personal property to the workplace does so at one's own risk.

Storing Personal Belongings on Town Premises – An employee is prohibited from storing personal belongings such as motor vehicles, boats, trailers, televisions, computer equipment, etc. on Town premises. The Town reserves the right to have any such items removed at the owner's expense.

Security Inspections – Desks, lockers and other storage devices may be provided for the convenience of employees but remain the sole property of the Town. Accordingly, such storage devices, as well as any articles found within them, can be inspected by any agent or representative of the Town at any time, with or without notice. The inspection may or may not be made in the presence of the employee. The Town is not responsible for loss or damage to personal property placed in such storage devices.

421 Town Property

Employee Responsibility – An employee will be responsible for any item issued by the Town which is in the employee's possession and/or control, such as, but not limited to the following:

- Equipment, including Protective Equipment
- Identification Badges
- Keys
- Uniforms
- Communication Devices
- Laptop computers and peripherals
- Books or other Reference Materials, including this Employee Handbook

Return of Property – Except as otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement, all Town property must be returned to the Town before the employee's last day of work.

422 Unauthorized Work

Policy Statement – An employee may not perform work for any entity other than the Town during the employee's authorized work hours, or claim that Town work was done when such is not the case. Employees must devote their full scheduled shift to Town business, as assigned.

423 Outside Employment

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town that an employee may engage in outside work as long as such outside work does not interfere with the employee's performance standards, pose an actual or potential conflict of interest, or compromise the interests of the Town.

Guidelines – The following guidelines have been established for an employee who engages in outside work.

- An employee will be judged by the same performance standards and will be subject to the Town's scheduling demands, regardless of any existing outside work requirements.
- If the Town determines that an employee's outside work interferes with the performance or the ability to meet the requirements of the Town as they are modified from time to time, the employee may be required to terminate the outside employment if the employee wishes to remain employed by the Town.
- No Town equipment, supplies, or other material may be used by an employee for purposes other than Town work.
- Outside employment that does or may constitute a conflict of interest is prohibited. An
 employee may not receive any income or material gain from any entity outside of the
 Town for materials produced or services rendered while performing the employee's
 Town job.
- An employee may not work on outside employment during any period which the employee is regularly scheduled to work for and is paid by the Town.
- A Town employee who engages in outside work must notify the person for whom the
 work is being performed that such work is being done on the employee's own time and
 that the employee is not representing the Town while performing such work.

Employee Responsibility – A Town employee who wishes to engage in outside work is responsible for ensuring that the above guidelines are maintained. Questions should be directed to the Department Head.

Union Employees – In addition to the above guidelines, an employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit may be subject to rules and/or guidelines regarding outside employment as set forth in the collective bargaining agreement or rules of the department to which the employee is assigned.

501 Attendance

Except as otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement, the following procedure shall apply regarding absence from work:

Tardiness – An employee must be ready and able to work at the time the employee is scheduled to begin work. In the event an employee is unable to report to work at the scheduled time, the employee must notify the employee's Department Head prior to the employee's scheduled starting time. The reason for tardiness and the expected time of arrival must be indicated to the Department Head.

Daily Notification – In the event an employee is unable to report to work, the employee must notify the employee's Department Head <u>each</u> day of the absence and state the reason for the absence. In the event the absence was pre-authorized, this requirement will be waived.

Scheduled Absences – Requests for scheduled time off, such as the use of vacation leave and personal leave, must be approved by the Department Head in advance. All requests for time off are subject to approval by the employee's Department Head on a case-by-case basis. Refer to Section 802, Vacation Leave, and Section 804, Personal Leave, for further details.

Unscheduled Absences – An employee who is unable to report to work must personally contact the employee's Department Head prior to the employee's scheduled starting time. The employee must speak directly with the Department Head, indicating the reason for the absence and when the employee expects to return to work. Asking another person to call in on the employee's behalf is not permitted. Leaving a message on an answering device or with a co-worker is not permitted. Notification requirements may be waived in cases of emergency.

Unexcused Absences – Notification of an absence to an employee's Department Head does not automatically mean the absence is authorized. Any time off from work that is without approval of an employee's Department Head is considered an unexcused absence. An unexcused absence is without pay and may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

Early Departure – In the event an employee must leave work during the workday, the employee must receive permission from the employee's Department Head prior to leaving.

Leaving the Premises – An employee must obtain prior approval from the employee's Department Head to leave an assigned worksite during working hours due to a non-work related reason. An employee who leaves an assigned worksite during the workday due to business reasons must notify the employee's supervisor in accordance with department policy.

Documentation of Absences – An employee may be required to provide appropriate documentation in justification of any absence. Documentation may include medical verification.

502 Jury Duty Leave

Jury Leave – In the event a full-time or part-time employee is required to perform jury duty on a day the employee is scheduled to work, the employee will receive paid jury duty leave. Such leave will not be subtracted from any of the employee's leave credits. An employee is obligated to notify the Commissioner of Jurors that the Town is paying the employee's full pay during jury duty. If the employee receives a jury stipend from the courts, such amount must be reimbursed to the Town. An employee can collect and keep any mileage or parking expense reimbursement that may be issued by the court system for performing jury duty.

The Town shall pay a temporary or seasonal employee up to \$40 of the employee's wages for the first three days the employee serves jury duty if on those days the employee is scheduled to work for the Town. After the first three days, the employee may be eligible for a stipend issued by the court system if the employee continues to serve on jury duty.

Notification of Jury Duty – When an employee receives notice to report for jury duty, the employee must immediately submit a copy of the notice to the employee's Department Head.

Return to Duty – In the event the employee is released from jury duty on a given day and there are two or more hours remaining in the employee's scheduled workday, the employee must report to work. The employee will be allotted time to return home and prepare for work.

Accrual of Benefits – The Town will continue to provide health insurance benefits for an eligible employee during the jury leave. Vacation leave, sick leave and holiday benefits will continue to accrue during jury duty leave.

503 Military Leave and Military Leave of Absence

Military Leave (New York State Law) – This section refers only to a paid leave for military service under New York State Law and does not affect an employee's entitlement to leave needed for military service under federal statute. The Town of Pawling recognizes the importance of the Military Reserve and National Guard, and will permit any employee the use of military leave to perform ordered military duty or required training. The Town will grant such leave with pay for up to twenty-two workdays or thirty calendar days in a calendar year, whichever is greater. Such military leave beyond the twenty-two workdays or thirty calendar days in a calendar year will be unpaid, however accumulated vacation leave may, at the employee's option, be used at any time during the leave. In accordance with applicable New York State law, the employee may keep all pay received for military service.

Military Leave of Absence (Federal Law) – An unpaid leave of absence for a period of up to the federal statutory limits will be granted to an employee to serve in any of the Armed Forces of the United States. The employee's accumulated vacation leave may, at the employee's option, be used at any time during such leave of absence.

Leave For Military Spouses (New York State Law) – In accordance with NYS Labor Law §202-i, the Town will grant an unpaid leave of absence of up to ten days to an employee (who works an average of twenty hours per week) whose spouse is a member of the armed forces of the United States, National Guard, or reserves who has been deployed or called to active service. This leave shall only be used when the employee's spouse is on leave from such deployment. This does not preclude the employee's option to use available paid leave upon approval of the employee's Department Head.

504 Leave for Cancer Screening

Policy Statement – The Town of Pawling complies with New York State Civil Service Law §159-b which entitles all Town employees to paid leave to undertake screening for cancer. This leave will not be charged against any available sick, vacation, personal, or other leave accruals. This does not preclude an employee's option to use other available paid leave for this same purpose.

Allowance – An employee will be allowed four hours of paid leave per year for the purpose of undergoing a screening procedure for cancer. Such paid leave will be accrued as of January 1 each year. If the employee does not exercise his/her rights to the leave, those hours are not carried forward to the next year. The allowed leave time may include the travel time to and from the appointment and any subsequent follow up consultation visits. In addition, the allowed leave may be staggered throughout the year until the maximum allowance has been reached.

Scheduling – An employee must receive prior approval from the employee's Department Head to take leave for this purpose. The request for leave should be submitted to the Department Head in writing a minimum of two days in advance. The Department Head will have total discretion in the approval of this leave, but will not unreasonably deny such request.

Documentation Requirements – If an employee applies for paid leave for a cancer screening procedure under this policy, documentation must be provided to the Department Head from the health care provider verifying that the absence from the workplace was for cancer screening. If an employee uses any other available leave for a cancer screening procedure, the provisions of the applicable leave policy (e.g. sick, personal, vacation) will apply; there is no requirement in such a case to provide specific documentation regarding cancer screening.

505 Leave for Blood and/or Bone Marrow Donations

Policy Statement –The Town of Pawling complies with New York State Labor Law §§202-a and 202-j which entitle Town employees who work an average of twenty hours or more per week to time off from work to donate blood and/or to undergo a medical procedure to donate bone marrow. This leave of absence will not be charged against any available sick, vacation, personal, or other leave accruals. The leave allowed under this policy is unpaid, however, this does not preclude an employee's option to use available paid leave for these purposes.

Blood Donation Allowance – An employee may take unpaid leave of up to three hours per year under this policy. Such leave will be accrued as of January 1 each year. If the employee does not exercise his/her rights to this leave, those hours are not carried forward to the next year. The allowed leave may include the travel time to and from the appointment. The Town may require the employee to provide proof of blood donation.

Bone Marrow Donation Allowance – An employee may take unpaid leave in order to donate bone marrow as well as to recover from the procedure and for resulting medical care. The employee's physician will determine the amount of leave required by the employee. However, the leave may not exceed 24 work hours unless additional leave is agreed to by the Town. There is no limitation on how frequently an employee may take such leave. The Town may require the employee to provide proof of bone marrow donation.

Scheduling – An employee must receive prior approval from the employee's Department Head to take leave for this purpose. The request for leave should be submitted to the Department Head in writing a minimum of two days in advance. The Department Head will have total discretion in the approval of this leave, but will not unreasonably deny such request.

506 Time Off To Vote

Policy – The Town encourages employees to fulfill their civic responsibilities by participating in elections. Generally, employees are able to find time to vote either before or after their regular work schedule. If an employee is unable to vote in an election during non-working hours, arrangements can be made to permit voting during the workday.

Procedures – An employee should request time off to vote from their supervisor at least two working days prior to the Election Day. Advance notice is required so that the necessary time off can be scheduled in a manner which causes the least disruption to departmental operations.

507 Bereavement Leave

Eligibility — A full-time employee may take paid leave for up to ten calendar days in the event of the death of a spouse or same sex committed partner*, child, mother or father, or up to five days of paid leave in the event of the death of a sibling, grandchild, grandparent or parent-in-law. A part-time, temporary, or seasonal employee is not eligible for paid bereavement leave but may be allowed to take time-off without pay provided the employee has prior approval from the Department Head.

*Defined under NYS Civil Rights Law §79-n, same-sex committed partners are those who are financially and emotionally interdependent in a manner commonly presumed of spouses

Extended Bereavement Leave – With authorization from the employee's Department Head, an employee may use vacation leave credits and/or personal leave credits to extend a bereavement leave. The Department Head will have total discretion in the approval of an employee's extended bereavement leave, based upon the needs of the department.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Bereavement Leave</u> provisions set forth above and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

508 Volunteer Firefighters / Emergency Responders

Except as otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement, the following policy shall apply regarding those employees who are volunteer firefighters or emergency responders:

Policy – In the event an employee is called upon to perform volunteer duties as a firefighter or emergency responder on a day the employee is scheduled to work, the employee will receive paid leave to perform such duties if so authorized. The employee may not leave the workplace until it has been approved by the appropriate supervisor. The paid leave is limited to the extent of the employee's regular work schedule. Such leave will not be subtracted from any of the employee's leave credits. The employee is required to return to the worksite upon completion of the emergency call, unless such call ends after the end of the employee's scheduled work shift.

Documentation Requirements – The employee must account for all time spent responding to emergency calls on the employee's time sheet, including the time the employee left and returned to the worksite. The employee may be required to submit verification of the employee's attendance at such call.

Responding to Calls During Paid Leave – If the employee is on a paid leave from the Town and the employee responds to a call, the employee will not receive additional compensation from the Town and the employee's appropriate leave time will still be charged.

509 Family and Medical Leave Policy

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town of Pawling to grant a full-time employee a leave of absence without pay for a period of up to twelve weeks, under certain circumstances. If and when any employee meets the eligibility requirements under the *Family and Medical Leave Act*, the provisions of that Act will then take precedence over this policy.

Granting of Leave of Absence – The granting and duration of each leave of absence will be determined by the Town Board in conjunction with applicable federal and state laws, including Civil Service Law Sections 71, 72 and 73, as applicable, and the *Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County*.

Types of Leave – The following types of leaves of absence will be considered:

 Sick Leave of Absence – Employees who are unable to work because of a serious health condition or disability may be granted a sick leave of absence. This type of leave includes disabilities caused by pregnancy, childbirth, or other related medical conditions. The Town requires certification of an employee's need for sick leave, both before the leave begins and on a periodic basis thereafter, by the employee's health care provider.

In addition to leave provided under this policy, employees may be eligible for a leave of absence pursuant to Civil Service Law Section 71. Section 71 provides that **covered** employees shall be entitled to a leave of absence for at least one cumulative year (unless found to be permanently disabled) when disabled due to an occupational injury or disease as defined in the Workers' Compensation Law. This leave runs concurrently with the designated Family and Medical Leave. Employee should consult with their Department Head for further details regarding this provision.

- Parental Leave of Absence Female employees, when not disabled by pregnancy or childbirth (see above), and male employees may be granted a parental leave of absence to care for a child upon birth or upon placement for adoption or foster care.
- Family Care Leave of Absence Employees may be granted a family care leave of absence for the purpose of caring for a child, spouse or parent who has a serious health condition. The Town requires certification of the family member's serious health condition, both before the leave begins and on a periodic basis, by the family member's health care provider.

Eligibility – To be eligible, an employee must meet the following requirements:

- The employee must have completed at least one year of full-time, continuous service during the previous twelve months prior to the date leave commences.
- Spouses who both work for the Town of Pawling are allowed a combined maximum of twelve workweeks of leave for the birth or care of a newborn child, adoption or foster care of a child and to care for such newly placed child, or the serious health condition of a child, spouse or parent, during any twelve month period.

Definitions – For the purpose of this policy, the following definitions will apply:

- Serious Health Condition will mean and refer to an illness, injury, impairment, or
 physical or mental condition that involves inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or
 residential medical care facility, or any subsequent treatment in connection with such
 inpatient care; or continuing treatment by a health care provider, including, but not
 limited to:
 - * A period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days and any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity that also involves continuing treatment by a health care provider;
 - * A period of incapacity due to pregnancy or prenatal care;
 - * A period of incapacity or treatment for such incapacity due to a chronic serious health condition;
 - * A period of incapacity which is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective; or
 - * A period of absence to receive multiple treatments, including any period of recovery, by a health care provider, or by a provider of health care services under orders of or on referral by a health care provider, for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury or for a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days in the absence of medical intervention or treatment.
- Health Care Provider will mean and refer to a doctor of medicine or osteopathy who is authorized to practice medicine or surgery by the State in which the doctor practices; or any other person defined in the FMLA regulations capable of providing health care services.
- Family Member will mean and refer to:
 - * Spouse means husband or wife. For purposes of this definition, husband or wife refers to the other person with whom an individual entered into marriage as defined or recognized under state law for purposes of marriage in the State in which the marriage was entered into or, in the case of a marriage entered into outside of any State, if the marriage is valid in the place where entered into and could have been entered into in at least one State. This definition includes an individual in a same-sex or common law marriage that either: (1) was entered into in a State that recognizes such marriages; or (2) if entered into outside of any State, is valid in the place where entered into and could have been entered into in at least one State.
 - * **Parent** biological parent or an individual who stands or stood in *loco parentis* to an employee when the employee was a child as defined directly below. This term does not include an employee's parents "in law".

* Child – biological, adopted or foster child, a stepchild, a legal ward, or a child of a person standing in *loco parentis*, who is either under age eighteen, or age eighteen or older and "incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability". Persons who are "in loco parentis" include those with day-to-day responsibilities to care for and financially support a child or, in the case of an employee, who had such responsibility for the employee when the employee was a child. A biological or legal relationship is not necessary.

Notification Requirements – If the need for leave is foreseeable, the employee must give notice, in writing, to the Department Head at least thirty calendar days prior to the commencement date of the unpaid leave. The employee must complete the <u>Leave of Absence Request Form</u> and forward the completed form to the Town Supervisor's office for review. The failure of an employee to give thirty days' notice of foreseeable leave with no reasonable excuse for the delay may result in the delay of the employee taking the leave until thirty days from the date of notice. When the need for leave is unforeseeable, verbal notice to the employer will be sufficient.

Status Reports – The employee must periodically update the Department Head as to the employee's status and intent to return to work.

Medical Certification – The employee must produce a medical certification issued by a health care provider which supports the need for a leave under this policy. When required, the employee must provide a copy before the leave begins, or if the leave was unforeseeable, no later than fifteen calendar days from the date the certification was requested. Failure to submit medical certification may jeopardize the employee's eligibility for an unpaid leave of absence and/or the ability to return to work. The medical certification must include:

- The date the medical condition began;
- The probable duration of the medical condition;
- Pertinent medical facts; and,
- An assertion that the employee is unable to perform the employee's essential job functions or that the employee is needed to care for a family member for a specified period of time.

The Town of Pawling reserves the right to request a second opinion by another health care provider. The Town will pay for the second opinion. In the event a conflict occurs between the first and second opinion, the Town may, again at its own expense, obtain a third opinion from a health care provider approved jointly by the Town and the employee. This third opinion will be final and binding.

Leave for the Birth, Adoption or Foster Care Placement of a Child – Leave for the birth of a child or the placement of a child for adoption or foster care must conclude within twelve months from the date of the birth or placement.

Certification for Adoption/Foster Care – An employee must produce proper certification from the appropriate agency for an unpaid leave for the adoption or foster care of a child.

Employment Restrictions During Leave of Absence – While on an approved leave, the employee may not be employed by another employer during the same hours that the employee was normally scheduled to work for the Town of Pawling.

Benefits During a Leave of Absence – For the purpose of this policy, the following will apply:

Use of Accrued Paid Leave Credits – An employee taking leave for the birth, adoption or foster placement of a child or to care for a spouse, child or parent with a serious health condition must first use all vacation leave credits which will be included in the maximum twelve weeks of leave. The substitution of paid leave for unpaid leave for these types of leave does not extend the twelve-week period.

For leaves taken due to the **employee's own serious health condition**, the employee must first use all sick leave and vacation leave credits, which will be included in the maximum twelve weeks of leave. However, in the event that the paid leave credits available are greater than the maximum twelve-week period, an employee may use paid leave credits to extend the leave of absence beyond the twelve-week period, **up to a maximum of one year**. If, after the completion of the one-year leave of absence, the employee is medically unable to return to work (as determined by a health care provider) and the employee has leave credits remaining, the Town Board may authorize an extension of the employee's leave of absence until such benefits are exhausted. However, **job reinstatement** beyond the one-year leave of absence **is not automatic** and will be dependent upon job availability, in accordance with Civil Service Law Sections 71, 72 and 73, as applicable, and the *Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County*.

- Accrual of Paid Leave Credits An employee will continue to accrue vacation and sick leave and receive holiday pay during the portion of the leave that is paid. Paid leave is defined as leave during which the employee continues to use accumulated paid vacation and sick leave. After all such paid leave is exhausted, the remaining leave of absence is unpaid. An employee will not earn paid vacation or sick leave or receive holiday pay for any holidays that may occur during an unpaid leave of absence.
- Medical Insurance During the period of authorized leave under this policy, up to a maximum of twelve weeks, an employee's eligibility status for medical insurance coverage will not change. All employee contributions (if any) must be paid on a timely basis in order to maintain the continuous coverage of benefits. Contributions will be at the same level as if the employee was working. Coverage will cease if payments are not made within a thirty-calendar day grace period of the due date. Premium payments or policy coverage are subject to change. In the event the employee fails to return to work after the maximum twelve week period of leave under this policy has been exhausted, the employee may continue coverage with responsibility for payment of the full premium amount under COBRA provisions (see Section 709). In addition, the Town may recover the premium that it paid for maintaining the coverage during any period of the unpaid leave except for the following circumstances:
 - * The continuation, recurrence, or onset of a serious health condition of the employee or the employee's eligible family member with proper medical certification; or,

* Circumstances beyond the employee's control, such as: parent chooses to stay home with a newborn child who has a serious health condition; employee's spouse is unexpectedly transferred to a job location more than 75 miles from the employee's work-site; the employee is laid off while on leave.

Return to Work – The following conditions for returning to work will apply:

- Job Restoration At the conclusion of the leave of absence, (except for leaves beyond a one-year period) the employee, provided that the employee returns to work immediately following such leave, will be restored to the position the employee held when the leave began, or an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay and working conditions. For an authorized leave of absence beyond the one-year period, job restoration will be dependent upon job availability, in accordance with Civil Service Law Sections 71, 72 and 73, as applicable, and the Rules for the Classified Civil Service of Dutchess County.
- **Medical Statement** Before resuming employment, an employee must submit a statement from the employee's health care provider indicating that the employee is able to return to work either with or without restrictions. The Town reserves the right to have the employee examined by a physician selected and paid for by the Town to determine the employee's fitness to return to work either with or without restrictions. Failure to return to work when required may be considered a voluntary termination.
- Early Return An employee who intends to return to work earlier than anticipated must notify the Department Head at least five business days prior to the date the employee is able to return. The Department Head shall in turn notify the Town Supervisor.
- Extension of Unpaid Leave of Absence An employee who wants an extension of the leave previously requested must notify the employee's Department Head at least two business days from the date the change occurred which necessitates the change in leave time. The Town Board reserves the right to approve all leave extensions.

Statement of Compliance – The Town of Pawling complies with the provisions of the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA). **The Town of Pawling does not regularly employ fifty or more employees. Under that circumstance, Town employees are not eligible for leave under the FMLA.** If at some point the Town of Pawling should employ fifty or more employees, eligible employees will be afforded leave in compliance with FMLA.

601 Wage and Salary

Rate of Pay – An employee's rate of pay will be established by the Town Board.

Merit Increases – An employee may receive a pay increase based upon the employee's past performance. The merit increase will be granted at the discretion of the Town Board.

Longevity Bonus – After an employee has completed the number of years of full-time service listed below, the employee may receive the corresponding increment, provided the employee has not received an unsatisfactory evaluation. If at any point the employee becomes an Elected Official, they will no longer be eligible for a longevity bonus. The increment will be granted at the discretion of the Town Board.

Years of Full-time Service Completed:	Annual Increment Granted:
Five Years	\$1000.00
Ten Years	\$1500.00
Fifteen Years	\$2000.00
Twenty Years	\$2500.00
Twenty-Five Years	\$3000.00
Thirty Years	\$3500.00

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Wage and Salary</u> provisions set forth above and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

602 Overtime & Flex-Time

Authorization – A Department Head may require an employee to work additional hours beyond the employee's normal workday and workweek. An employee <u>must</u> receive prior approval from the employee's Department Head or supervisor before working additional hours.

FLSA Exempt Employees – In accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act, FLSA exempt employees will not be paid for overtime for any hours worked in excess of the employee's normal workday or workweek.

FLSA Non-Exempt Employees – In accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act, an FLSA non-exempt employee will be paid one and one-half times the employee's regular hourly rate of pay for all authorized time worked over forty hours in a given workweek.

Credit for Paid Leave – All leave taken, including personal leave, vacation leave, sick leave, bereavement leave, jury duty leave, all military leave and holidays will be included as time worked for the purpose of computing overtime.

Flex-Time (Buildings & Grounds, Parks, Non-Union Highway Employees) – In the event that Town Offices close, or Town Staff is sent home early, employees in Buildings & Grounds, Parks, and non-Union Highway Employees will receive "flex-time." An eligible employee will earn one hour of flex-time for every one hour worked during an such circumstance when Town offices are closed.

Accrued flex-time can be used upon the approval of the Supervisor of Buildings & Grounds or the Superintendent of Highways between the dates of November 1st through October 31st annually. Flex-time hours earned cannot be carried over into the following year and all flex time earned must be used by the employee during the calendar year in which it was earned.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit shall receive overtime compensation in accordance with the overtime provision of the applicable collective bargaining agreement and is also subject to the provisions of the FLSA.

603 Pay Period and Check Distribution

Payroll Period – Normally, employees are paid on a bi-weekly basis. An employee's paycheck will be based on the amount earned during the preceding payroll period. Certain employees may be paid on a different schedule as established by the Town Board.

Payday – Under normal circumstances, paychecks will be issued on a Friday. In the event the payday is a designated holiday, paychecks will be distributed on the previous workday.

Distribution – The Bookkeeper will deliver paychecks to the Department Heads for further distribution to employees.

Direct Deposit – The Town provides a direct deposit option for employees. If elected, the paycheck will be deposited directly into the employee's account at the designated financial institution. The employee must submit a signed, written authorization for direct deposit to the Bookkeeper.

604 Payroll Deductions

Statutory Deductions – The required portion of an employee's pay for federal and state taxes, and any other deduction required by law, will be deducted from the employee's paycheck. Such deductions will be noted on the paycheck.

Voluntary Deductions – Payroll deductions provided through the Town's payroll system will be made from an employee's paycheck when authorized by the employee. Such deductions will be noted on the paycheck.

605 Deferred Compensation Plan

Summary – The Town of Pawling has established a Deferred Compensation Plan whereby a portion of an employee's salary may be voluntarily withheld and invested. The money saved is paid out to the employee at a later date, generally during retirement years. Neither the deferred amount nor earnings on investments are subject to current Federal and State Income Taxes. Taxes become payable when the deferred income plus earnings are distributed to the employee, presumably at retirement when the tax bracket may be lower. A description of the plan may be obtained from the Bookkeeper.

700 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

701 Holidays

Designated Holidays – The Town Board will establish the schedule of holidays to be observed for each year at the annual organizational meeting.

Eligibility – A full-time employee is eligible for holiday pay at the employee's regular rate of pay. A part-time, temporary, or seasonal employee is not eligible for holiday pay. (Part-time employees paid on a salary basis will receive their regular pay during a pay period in which a holiday occurs.) Holiday pay will be based upon the employee' scheduled hours on the day the holiday occurs.

Assigned to Work on a Holiday – A full-time FLSA non-exempt employee who is required to work on a designated holiday will receive holiday pay plus wages at one and one-half times the employee's regular rate of pay. A part-time, temporary, or seasonal employee who works on a designated holiday will be paid at the employee's regular rate of pay.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Holidays</u> provisions set forth above and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

702 Vacation Leave

Eligibility — A full-time or part-time employee is eligible for paid vacation leave in accordance with this policy. A temporary or seasonal employee is not eligible for paid vacation leave but may be allowed to take time-off without pay provided the employee has prior approval from the Department Head.

Allowance – An eligible employee will be credited each January 1 with paid vacation leave in accordance with the vacation schedule below. Vacation Leave is based on the average number of hours an employee is normally scheduled to work each week. An employee may take vacation leave only after it has been credited.

New Employees – A full-time employee newly hired prior to July 1 will receive ten days of vacation leave the following January 1. A full-time employee newly hired July 1 or later will receive five days of vacation leave the following January 1. A part-time employee newly hired prior to July 1 will receive five days of vacation leave the following January 1. A part-time employee newly hired July 1 or later will receive two and one/half days of vacation leave the following January 1. Employees will follow the schedule below in subsequent years.

Full-time Employees		
After Completion Of:	Vacation Leave	
One to five years continuous service	Ten days	
Six to ten years continuous service	Fifteen days	
Eleven or more years continuous service	Twenty days	

Part-time Employees		
After Completion Of:	Vacation Leave	
One to five years continuous service	Five days	
Six to ten years continuous service	Eight days	
Eleven or more years continuous service	Ten days	

Continuous Service – Continuous Service shall mean uninterrupted service. An authorized leave of absence without pay, or a resignation followed by reinstatement within one year following such resignation, shall not constitute an interruption of continuous service.

Scheduling – All requests for vacation leave must be submitted at least two weeks in advance to the employee's Department Head. Exceptions may be made at the discretion of the Department Head. The Department Head will have total discretion in the approval of vacation leave. Vacation leave credits may not be used in increments of less than one hour.

Accumulation — With prior approval of the Town Supervisor, an employee may accumulate vacation leave credits to a maximum of five days. Any vacation leave credits in excess of five days that remain unused at the end of the last business day of the calendar year shall be cancelled.

Holiday During Scheduled Vacation – In the event a designated holiday occurs on an employee's normal workday and the employee is on paid vacation, the employee will receive holiday pay for the day and the employee's vacation leave credits will not be charged for that day.

Separation of Employment – An employee who resigns, retires or is laid off will receive cash payment for unused vacation leave to which the employee is properly entitled at the employee's then current rate of pay. To be eligible to receive this payment, an employee who is to resign or retire must give written notice at least two weeks in advance of the last day of employment. In the event an employee leaves employment due to disciplinary action, the employee will not receive a settlement for unused vacation leave. In cases of death of an employee, the Town will pay an employee's designated beneficiary for any unused vacation leave.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Vacation Leave</u> provisions set forth immediately above and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

703 Sick Leave

Eligibility – A full-time or part-time employee is eligible for paid sick leave in accordance with this policy. A temporary or seasonal employee is not eligible for paid sick leave.

Allowance – A full-time employee will be credited with one day of paid sick leave each month. A part-time employee will be credited with one/half day of paid sick leave each month. Sick leave is based on the average number of hours an employee is normally scheduled to work each week. An employee may take sick leave only after it has been credited. The employee will be credited on the first day of the month after the sick leave has been earned.

New Employee – A newly hired employee begin receiving sick leave credits on the first day of the month following completion of one month of continuous employment.

Accrual During Leaves of Absence – An employee will be credited with sick leave credits while on a paid leave of absence, but not while on an unpaid leave of absence.

Proper Use of Sick Leave – Sick leave is provided to protect an employee against financial hardship during an illness or injury. An employee may use sick leave credits for personal illness or injury that inhibits the employee's work. Sick leave credits may not be used in increments of less than one hour.

Family Sick Leave – An employee may use up to five days of sick leave credits annually for family illness or injury if the employee <u>must provide direct care</u> to an immediate family member. Such leave will be subtracted from the employee's accumulated sick leave credits. For purpose of family sick leave, "immediate family member" will mean the employee's parent, spouse or child, including stepchild and foster child. A doctor's note supporting the need for such leave may be required at the discretion of the Department Head.

Accumulation – An employee may accumulate sick leave credits to a maximum of one hundred-eighty days.

Medical Verification – The Town may require medical verification of an employee's absence if the Town perceives the employee is abusing sick leave, or has used an excess amount of sick leave, or when an employee is absent for more than three consecutive workdays due to an illness or injury. If an employee is on an authorized leave of absence, the provisions of the Family and Medical Leave Policy in this Employee Handbook shall apply.

Abuse of Sick Leave – An employee who, after investigation, is found to have abused the use of sick leave or falsifies supporting documentation, will be subject to disciplinary action.

Retirement Credit – The Town Board has elected to provide Section 41(j) of the NYS Retirement and Social Security Law which can enhance pension benefits by allowing credit for up to one hundred sixty five days of accumulated sick leave at the time of retirement. To be eligible, an employee must retire directly from covered employment or within one year of leaving covered employment. The additional service credit is determined by dividing the total accumulated sick leave days (not to exceed 165 days) by 260. For example: 130 accumulated sick leave days \div 260 = .50 or 6 months additional service credit.

Separation of Employment – An employee whose employment with the Town is terminated for any reason, including retirement, <u>will not</u> receive cash payment for unused sick leave.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the Sick Leave provisions set forth immediately above, **except** for <u>Proper Use of Sick Leave</u>, <u>Medical Verification</u>, and <u>Abuse of Sick Leave</u>, and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

704 Personal Leave

Eligibility – A full-time or part-time employee is eligible for paid personal leave in accordance with this policy. A temporary or seasonal employee is not eligible for paid personal leave.

Allowance – A full-time employee will be credited with five days of paid personal leave on an annual basis. A part-time employee will be credited with three days of paid personal leave on an annual basis. Personal leave is based on the average number of hours an employee is normally scheduled to work each week. The employee will be credited on January 1 of each year. An employee may take personal leave only after it has been credited.

New Employee – A new full-time employee will be credited with three days of paid personal leave after the completion of six months of continuous service. Thereafter, the employee will be credited with five days of paid personal leave on each subsequent January 1. A new part time employee will be credited with one and one-half days of paid personal leave after the completion of six months of continuous service. Thereafter, the employee will be credited with three days of paid personal leave on each subsequent January 1.

Proper Use of Personal Leave – An employee may use personal leave credits to conduct personal business which cannot be conducted outside of normal working hours, non-emergency medical and dental appointments, and for personal emergencies. In no event may personal leave credits be used on the scheduled workday immediately prior to or following a holiday or vacation; in lieu of sick leave or other leaves of absences, except to extend bereavement leave. Personal leave credits may not be used in increments of less than one hour.

Scheduling – An employee must receive prior approval from the employee's Department Head to take personal leave. Employees must give at least a two workday notice to the Department Head of their intent to use personal leave, except in cases of emergency. The Department Head will have total discretion in the approval of personal leave.

Accumulation – An employee <u>may not</u> accumulate personal leave credits. Any personal leave credits remaining unused at close of business on the last day of the calendar year will be canceled.

Separation of Employment – An employee whose employment with the Town is terminated for any reason, including retirement, <u>will not</u> receive cash payment for unused personal leave.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Personal Leave</u> provisions set forth immediately above, **except** for <u>Proper Use of Personal Leave</u> and <u>Scheduling</u>, and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

705 Disclosure of Insurance Benefits

Summary – The following is a brief description of the insurance benefits currently offered by the Town to eligible employees. Eligibility for benefits is dependent upon a variety of factors, including employment classification and length of service. The description of the benefits provided is only an overview. The plan documents or specific government regulation provide a full description of the specific benefit.

Plan Administrator – The Town Supervisor serves as the Administrator of the Town's benefits plans. The Administrator is responsible for all communications and disclosures concerning Town benefits and is available to answer questions concerning the benefit plans. A description of each of the plans may be obtained from the Town Supervisor's office.

Plan Documents — Benefits are administered according to applicable government regulation, benefit plan documents, insurance carrier master policy, or Town policy. Should there be a discrepancy between the information presented in this Employee Handbook and the benefit plan document, the Town Board has the discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and to interpret the plan's terms. The Town Board is responsible for compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Town Board may, at its discretion, change carriers and/or offer alternative insurance plans for non-union employees. Changes in carriers and/or plans for union employees shall be in accordance with collective bargaining negotiations and/or procedures.

Changes in Benefits – Any benefit offered by the Town to non-union employees or Elected Officials is subject to change or discontinuance by resolution of the Town Board. Changes in benefits for union employees shall be in accordance with collective bargaining negotiations and/or procedures.

Waiver of Benefits – An employee who is eligible to participate in any of the available insurance plans but who elects not to participate must sign an appropriate waiver of enrollment form.

Enrollment Information – The Town Supervisor's office will provide the employee with the enrollment forms and assist with the administrative and operational aspects of the various insurance plans. Enrollment in a benefit plan is not automatic. Employees must complete the appropriate enrollment forms and applicable payroll deduction authorizations in order to receive benefits.

Changes in Status – Employees whose status changes from full-time to part-time are notified of the changes to their Town benefits. This notification contains all legally mandated information regarding applicable benefits, including COBRA health insurance continuation. An employee must immediately notify the Town Supervisor's office in the event that the employee has a change in marital or family status that may affect coverage, such as marriage, divorce, legal separation, death of a spouse or dependent, acquiring or losing a dependent, changes in address.

Beneficiary – Under some of the Town's benefit plans, each employee must designate a beneficiary for the employee's death benefits. This designation must be made in writing and on the form provided by the plan Administrator.

706 Medical Insurance

Eligibility – The Town will make available medical insurance coverage to each full-time employee and Elected Official and their eligible family members. For purposes of this section, "Eligible Family Members" shall be deemed to include a domestic partner (if qualified under the applicable insurance plan), provided that an acceptable sworn statement is provided to the Town Clerk supporting the existence of the domestic partner relationship. A part-time, temporary or seasonal employee is not eligible for this plan.

When Coverage Begins – Coverage will begin on the employee's first day of employment or for Elected Officials, the first day of office, provided all eligibility requirements of the insurance plan are met.

When Coverage Ends – Coverage ends on the last day of the month in which the employee separates from employment or the Elected Official ends elected service. Coverage may continue for such eligible employees and Elected Officials in accordance with COBRA regulations. Coverage will continue for eligible retirees in accordance with Town policy and plan documents.

Changes in Premium Contributions – The amount of the insurance premium an employee or Elected Official is required to contribute is subject to change by resolution of the Town Board.

Health Savings Account (HSA) – The Town will make available an HSA option. Funds contributed to an HSA are not subject to federal income tax at the time of deposit. HSA funds can accumulate and roll-over from year-to-year. An employee must be eligible to participate in the Town sponsored medical insurance plan in order to participate in the HSA option.

<u>Note:</u> An employee must reimburse the Town within thirty calendar days if an HSA payment claim is denied.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Medical Insurance</u> provisions set forth immediately above and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

707 Medical Insurance Buy-out

Eligibility – A full-time employee, retiree or Elected Official who is eligible for medical insurance coverage made available through the Town may receive a cash buy-out in lieu of receiving medical insurance benefits. To be eligible for the medical insurance buy-out, the employee, retiree or Elected Official must provide documentation of comparable medical health insurance coverage in a manner and form to be determined by the Town and sign an appropriate waiver of health insurance coverage and waiver of liability to the Town.

Amount of Buy-out:

- 1. The amount of any cash payment will be equivalent to \$4,500 for a family plan for a current employee or officer.
- 2. The amount of any cash payment for a retiree will be equivalent to \$4,500 for a retiree family plan not eligible for Medicare, or a retiree family plan eligible for Medicare, depending on whichever plan the retiree is eligible for.

Method and Form of Payment – Payment of the buy-out will be made in advance in December of each year the employee exercises this option. If employment is terminated for any reason, the employee must reimburse the Town for the pro-rated amount of the buy-out payment for the period of the year not worked. The payment is in addition to the compensation and/or salary to which the employee is otherwise entitled, and will be treated as part of the employee's gross income and will be subject to the appropriate withholding for income and payroll tax purposes.

Reinstatement – In the event the employee, Elected Official, or retiree loses coverage under the alternate insurance plan, the employee may resume coverage under a medical insurance plan made available through the Town. Coverage will become effective in accordance with the provisions specified in the plan documents, provided that the employee meets all eligibility requirements of the insurance plan. Upon reinstatement, the employee must refund the portion of the payment received for the period in which the Town will subsequently provide coverage for said employee.

Changes – This policy may be changed or eliminated at any time by resolution of the Town Board.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Medical Insurance Buy-out</u> provisions set forth immediately above and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

708 Medical Insurance for Retirees

Coverage – The Town will make available medical insurance coverage to an eligible full-time employee or Elected Official who retires from the Town. Coverage is also available for eligible dependents if they were covered under the Town's medical insurance plan at the employee's date of retirement. In the event the retiree predeceases the dependents, the dependents may continue medical insurance coverage provided they pay the full cost of the premium. Coverage of a dependent at the time of death of the retiree, divorce or legal separation is in accordance with plan documents and COBRA requirements.

Eligibility:

- 1. Employees will be eligible for medical insurance coverage in retirement, if on their date of retirement from the Town's service, the employee will receive their bona fide retirement benefit from the New York State Employees' Retirement System and they satisfy one of the following criteria:
 - a. Individuals employed prior to January 1, 2011, must be fifty-five years or older and have ten (10) years of continuous service with the Town; or
 - b. Individuals employed on or after January 1, 2011, must be fifty-five years or older and have twenty (20) years of continuous service with the Town.
- 2. Elected Officials who took office prior to January 1, 2018, will be eligible for medical insurance coverage in retirement, if on their date of retirement from the Town's service, the Elected Official will receive their bona fide retirement benefit from the New York State Employees' Retirement System and they satisfy one of the following criteria:
 - Elected Officials who took office prior to January 1, 2011, must be fifty-five years or older and have ten (10) years of continuous service with the Town;
 - b. Elected Officials who took office between January 1, 2011, and January 1, 2018, must be fifty-five years or older and have twenty (20) years of continuous service with the Town.
- 3. Elected Officials who took office after January 1, 2018, will not be eligible for medical insurance coverage in retirement.

Plan – The Town Board may, at its discretion, change the medical insurance plan at any time, including, but not limited to, type of coverage, retiree contributions, and type of carrier.

Premium Payment – The Town will pay the full premium for individual or family medical insurance coverage, as the case may be, for each eligible retiree.

Changes in Premium Contributions – The amount of the insurance premium a retiree or retiree's spouse is required to contribute is subject to change by resolution of the Town Board. The Town Board will provide a two-month written notice of such change.

Medicare Part B Reimbursement – The Town will reimburse an eligible retiree for the cost of the Medicare Part B premium. The Town Board may, at its discretion, modify or eliminate this reimbursement for any retiree.

709 Continuation of Health Insurance Benefits (COBRA/NYS Continuation Coverage)

Summary – The federal Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA) offers "qualified beneficiaries" the right to continue existing health insurance coverage, completely at their own expense, under certain qualifying conditions. **All required premiums and administrative fees must be paid in a timely manner in order for coverage to continue.**

NYS Continuation Coverage – For purposes of this policy, references to COBRA will be considered to incorporate the requirements for "Continuation Coverage" set forth in NYS Insurance Law, which provides enhancements over and above the provisions of COBRA.

Eligibility – An individual is a "qualified beneficiary" if the individual is covered under a group health plan on the day before a qualifying event as either a covered employee or Elected Official, the spouse of a covered employee or Elected Official, or a dependent child of a covered employee or Elected Official. A child who is either born to or who is placed for adoption with the covered employee or Elected Official during a period of COBRA coverage is also a "qualified beneficiary" entitled to COBRA coverage.

Period of Coverage – COBRA coverage is in effect for a period of **up to thirty-six months**, following any qualifying event. The COBRA requirements do not put any limit on the number of times a qualified beneficiary may be entitled to COBRA continuation coverage.

Qualifying Events – If a qualified beneficiary loses coverage under a group health plan as a result of a "qualifying event," the qualified beneficiary is entitled by COBRA to the continuation of group health insurance coverage at the qualified beneficiary's own expense. Any of the following circumstances are considered to be qualifying events:

- Termination of the covered employee's (or Elected Official's) employment for any reason except gross misconduct, or the covered employee's loss of eligibility to participate due to reduced work hours.
- When a covered employee is on a leave of absence due to military service obligations.
- Death of a covered employee or Elected Official.
- Divorce or legal separation from a covered employee or Elected Official.
- A covered dependent ceases to be a "dependent child" under the health insurance plan.
- A covered dependent child's loss of eligibility to participate in the insurance plan due to the covered employee or Elected Official becoming covered by Medicare as a result of total disability or choosing Medicare in place of the insurance plan at age sixty-five.

Change in Beneficiary Status – An employee or Elected Official must notify the Town Supervisor's office within sixty calendar days of a legal separation or divorce or when a dependent is no longer eligible for insurance due to the age limitations or educational status requirements established by the insurance plan. The Town will not be responsible for any loss of coverage resulting from failure by the employee or Elected Official to give notification of such an event.

Enrollment Information – The Town Supervisor's office will provide the employee or Elected Official with the enrollment forms and assist with the administrative and operational aspects of COBRA. Enrollment is not automatic. The employee or Elected Official must complete the necessary enrollment forms and return all COBRA forms to the Town Supervisor's office within the time indicated. If the required forms or premium payments are not received at the time specified, medical insurance coverage will cease.

710 Section 125 Plan

Summary – The Town of Pawling offers eligible employees the opportunity to participate in a Town-sponsored Section 125 plan. The benefit of participating in the Section 125 plan is that an employee's contributions to the plan are deducted from the employee's paycheck before federal, state, and social security taxes are calculated. This reduces the employee's taxable income and increases net take-home pay. The options offered under this plan are shown below.

Eligibility – A full-time employee or Elected Official is eligible to participate in this plan. A part-time, temporary or seasonal employee may not participate in this plan.

Pre-Tax Insurance Premiums – An employee may elect to pay the employee portion of the medical insurance premiums with pre-tax dollars.

Flexible Spending Accounts – An employee may elect to have a pre-determined amount deducted from the employee's paycheck on a pre-tax basis each payroll period to be placed in a medical and/or dependent care flexible spending account (FSA). Money set aside in an employee's medical savings account may be used to cover certain health, dental, and vision care expenses that are not reimbursable through the employee's insurance plan(s). Money set aside in an employee's dependent care savings account may be used to cover eligible day care and nursery school expenses for covered dependents. To receive reimbursement from an employee's FSA account, a claim for reimbursement and proof that the expense was incurred must be submitted to the carrier. Further details regarding this plan may be obtained from the Town Supervisor's office.

711 Workers' Compensation Benefits

Coverage – The Town will make available Workers' Compensation benefits, including payment of medical costs and replacement of lost wages up to the regulated maximum, to each eligible employee who suffers an accidental injury arising out of and in the course of employment, as determined by the Workers' Compensation Board. Eligibility for coverage is determined by applicable Workers' Compensation regulations.

When Coverage Begins – Coverage will begin on the employee's first day of employment, provided the employee meets all eligibility requirements.

Premium Payment – The Town will pay the full premium for Workers' Compensation coverage for each eligible employee.

Reporting of Injury – The employee must report any accidental injury arising out of and in the course of employment to the Department Head immediately after the occurrence of the injury. The Department Head will notify the Town Supervisor's office who will complete and submit the required forms. The employee must also complete an "Employee Claim Form C-3" and submit it directly to the Workers' Compensation Board. The Town Supervisor's office will provide the employee with the necessary form.

Use of Sick Leave Credits – An employee may draw from the employee's sick leave credits in conjunction with Workers' Compensation payments to equal, but not exceed, the employee's regular daily rate of pay.

Medical Insurance Coverage – The Town will continue medical insurance coverage for the employee in accordance with the provisions of the Family and Medical Leave Policy in this Employee Handbook.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit is not covered by the <u>Use of Sick Leave Credits</u> provision set forth immediately above, and should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

712 Social Security

Summary – Social Security benefits are available for retirement, survivor's benefits, and medical costs under qualifying conditions, as determined by the Federal Social Security Administration Office. Employee contributions to Social Security (FICA) are matched by the Town.

713 The New York State Employees' Retirement System

Summary – The Town will make available the New York State Employees' Retirement System pension plan to each eligible employee and Elected Official. An employee or Elected Official is eligible for service retirement benefits after completion of the required minimum period of creditable public sector service (either five or ten years depending on tier.)

Mandatory Membership – A full-time employee who began employment with the State of New York or with a participating employer, on or after July 27, 1976, must join the Retirement System. An employee who is appointed to a permanent, full-time position on a probationary basis must join the Retirement System on the effective date of the probationary appointment. Employment is considered full-time unless:

- The employee works less than thirty hours per week, or less than the standard number of hours for full-time employment as established by the employer for this position; or
- The annual compensation for the position is less than the State's minimum wage multiplied by 2,000 hours; or
- Duration of employment is for less than one year or employment is on a less than a 12 month per year basis; or
- The position is either provisional or temporary under Civil Service Law.

Optional Membership – An employee or Elected Official who is not mandated to join may join the Retirement System. Such employee or Elected Official will be informed, in writing, that the employee or Elected Official may join the Retirement System and will acknowledge receipt of such notice by signing a copy thereof and returning it to the Town Supervisor's office. If the employee or Elected Official elects to join the Retirement System, the employee or Elected Official must complete the application form and return it to the Town Supervisor's office.

Waiver of Enrollment – An employee who is not mandated to join the Retirement System, and who chooses not to join, must complete a waiver of enrollment form.

714 Employee Assistance Program

Summary – The Town currently offers an Employee Assistance Program (EAP) for all employees and Elected Officials and their family members to obtain confidential, professional counseling. This program is designed to help employees and their families deal with a variety of problems through professional consultation on a confidential basis.

How to Access the Program – An employee may either contact the Town Supervisor's office or the Employee Assistance Program for further information. The program is administered by the following:

MidHudson Regional Hospital Employee Assistance Program (845) 483-5150

801 Equal Employment Opportunity

Policy Statement – The Town of Pawling is an Equal Opportunity Employer. The Town does not unlawfully discriminate on the basis of sex, (including gender identity or expression and the status of being transgender), sexual orientation, race, color, national origin, citizenship, religion, disability, pregnancy, age, marital status, veteran status, military status, arrest or conviction record, genetic information or genetic predisposition or carrier status, domestic violence victim status, or any other protected class or status. Likewise, the Town prohibits employees, Elected Officials, vendors, suppliers, visitors, customers, and any other non-employee from discriminating against Town employees based on these protected groups. Discrimination based on any of the above is strictly prohibited. This policy applies to all terms and conditions of employment, including, but not limited to, hiring, placement, compensation, promotion, transfer, training, leave of absence, and termination.

Notification of Policy Violations – An employee should immediately report any perceived violation of this policy to either the employee's Department Head or to the Town's HR Consultant. In the event the employee is unable to discuss this matter with the Department Head, the complaint should be reported in writing to either the HR Consultant, the Town Supervisor or any member of the Town Board. All complaints of discrimination will be investigated discreetly and promptly. This procedure is not intended to restrict an individual's rights to make a complaint to a federal or state agency. An employee who reports discrimination will not suffer adverse employment consequences as a result of making the complaint.

Prohibition Against Retaliation – Retaliation against any employee who brings a written or verbal complaint of discrimination or who assists or participates in the investigation of such a complaint is strictly prohibited. The Town will not tolerate or permit adverse treatment of employees because they report discrimination or provide information related to such complaints, or who otherwise oppose an unlawful employment practice. Any employee who participates in the procedure may do so without fear of retaliation. Violations of this policy may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment.

Application of Policy – This policy is for Town use only and does not apply in any criminal or civil proceeding. This policy shall not be construed as a creation of higher legal standard of safety or care in an evidential sense with respect to third party claims. Violations of this policy will only form the basis for Town administrative action. Violations of law will form the basis for civil and criminal sanctions in a recognized judicial setting.

802 The Americans with Disabilities Act

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town of Pawling to comply fully with the provisions and spirit of the Americans with Disabilities Act and ensure equal employment opportunity for all qualified persons with disabilities. All employment practices, such as recruitment, hiring, promotion, demotion, layoff and return from layoff, compensation, job assignments, job classifications, paid or unpaid leave, fringe benefits, training, employer-sponsored activities, including recreational or social programs, will be conducted so as not to discriminate unlawfully against persons with disabilities. This also extends to prohibit unlawful discrimination based on a person's relationship or association with a disabled individual. Qualified individuals with disabilities are entitled to equal pay and other forms of compensation (or changes in compensation) along with work assignments, classifications, seniority, leave, and all other forms of employment compensation or advantage.

Reasonable Accommodation – Reasonable accommodation is available to all qualified employees and applicants with disabilities, unless it imposes an undue hardship on the Town and/or operations of a program. The Town may require medical documentation or other information necessary to verify the existence of the disability and the need for accommodation. Following receipt of an accommodation request, the Town will meet with the requestor to discuss and identify the precise limitations resulting from the disability and the potential accommodation(s) that the Town might make to help overcome those limitations.

The Town will determine the feasibility of the requested accommodation considering various factors, including, but not limited to the nature and cost of the accommodations(s), and the accommodation's impact on Town operations.

Pre-Employment Inquiries – Pre-employment inquiries are made only regarding an applicant's ability to perform the duties of the position and not any disabling condition. Pre-employment physical exams will only be requested when in compliance with the law. The Town of Pawling intends to base employment decisions on principles of equal employment opportunity and nondiscrimination, as defined by law.

Notification of Policy Violations – An employee should immediately report any perceived violation of this policy to either the Town's HR Consultant or the employee's Department Head. In the event the employee is unable to discuss this matter with the Department Head, the complaint should be reported in writing to either the HR Consultant, the Town Supervisor or any member of the Town Board. All complaints of possible violations will be investigated discreetly and promptly. An employee who reports a possible violation will not suffer adverse employment consequences as a result of making the complaint. This procedure is not intended to restrict an individual's rights to make a complaint to a federal or state agency.

Application of Policy – This policy is for Town use only and does not apply in any criminal or civil proceeding. This policy shall not be construed as a creation of higher legal standard of safety or care in an evidential sense with respect to third party claims. Violations of this policy will only form the basis for Town administrative action. Violations of law will form the basis for civil and criminal sanctions in a recognized judicial setting.

803 The Pregnant Workers Fairness Act

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town of Pawling to comply fully with the provisions of the Pregnant Workers Fairness Act (PWFA).

Reasonable Accommodation – The Town will provide employees with reasonable accommodations necessitated by pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions, unless doing so would impose an undue hardship on the Town. The Town strives to provide a reasonable accommodation through an interactive approach with the pregnant employee, whereby the employee can meet with the appropriate staff to discuss how the employee's needs might reasonably be met. Examples of reasonable accommodations may include, among others, light-duty assignments, additional or longer breaks, a change in uniform requirements, eliminating exposure to certain toxins, or modifications to the employee's work schedule. The Town will not deny an employment opportunity to an employee to avoid making an accommodation or force an employee to take leave if an accommodation would make continued work possible.

Prohibition Against Retaliation – The Town prohibits retaliation against an employee who requests or uses an accommodation.

Pre-Employment Inquiries – Pre-employment inquiries are made only regarding an applicant's ability to perform the duties of the position and not any disabling condition which includes pregnancy.

Notification of Policy Violations – An employee should immediately report any perceived violation of this policy to either the Town's HR Consultant, or the employee's Department Head. In the event the employee is unable to discuss this matter with the Department Head, the complaint should be reported in writing to either the HR Consultant, the Town Supervisor or any member of the Town Board. All complaints of possible violations will be investigated discreetly and promptly. An employee who reports a possible violation will not suffer adverse employment consequences for making the complaint. This procedure is not intended to restrict an individual's rights to make a complaint to a federal or state agency.

804 Reproductive Health Decision Making

Policy Statement – The Town of Pawling complies with NYS Labor Law Section 203-e which prohibits discrimination or retaliation against employees based on an "employee's or a dependent's reproductive health decision making," including, but not limited to, the decision to use or access a particular drug, device, or medical service related to reproductive health.

Prohibited Conduct – The Town will not:

- Access an employee's personal information regarding the employee's or the employee's dependent's reproductive health decision making, including but not limited to the decision to use or access a particular drug, device or medical service, without the employee's prior informed affirmative written consent.
- Discriminate or retaliate against an employee with respect to compensation, terms, conditions or privileges of employment based on the employee's or the employee's dependent's reproductive health decision making, including but not limited to a decision to use or access a particular drug, device or medical service.
- Require an employee to sign a waiver or other document that denies the employee the right to make the employee's own reproductive health care decisions.

Employee Rights and Remedies – The law gives an employee the right to bring a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction against an employer alleged to have violated the law. Available remedies include: (a) damages, including, but not limited to, back pay, benefits and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (b) injunctive relief; (c) reinstatement; and (d) liquidated damages equal to 100 percent of the award for damages, unless an employer provides a good faith basis to believe that its alleged violations were in compliance with the law.

Purpose and Goals

The Town of Pawling is committed to maintaining a workplace free from harassment and discrimination. Sexual harassment is a form of workplace discrimination that subjects an employee to inferior conditions of employment due to their gender, gender identity, gender expression (perceived or actual), and/or sexual orientation.

While this policy is focused on sexual harassment and gender discrimination, the methods for reporting and investigating discrimination based on other protected identities are the same.

Under the New York State Human Rights Law, it is illegal to discriminate based on sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, race, creed, color, national origin, military status, disability, pre-disposing genetic characteristics, familial status, marital status, criminal history, or status as a victim of domestic violence.

The purpose of this policy is to teach employees to recognize discrimination, including discrimination due to an individual's intersecting identities, and provide the tools to take action when it occurs. All employees, Department Heads, and supervisors are required to work in a manner designed to prevent sexual harassment and discrimination in the workplace. This policy is one component of the Town's commitment to a discrimination-free work environment.

Goals of this Policy:

Sexual harassment and discrimination are against the law. After reading this policy, employees will understand their right to a workplace free from harassment. Employees will also learn what harassment and discrimination look like, what actions they can take to prevent and report harassment, and how they are protected from retaliation after taking action. The policy will also explain the investigation process into any claims of harassment. Employees are encouraged to report sexual harassment or discrimination by filing a complaint internally with the Town. Employees can also file a complaint with a government agency or in court under federal, state, or local antidiscrimination laws. To file an employment complaint with the New York State Division of Human Rights, please visit https://dhr.ny.gov/complaint. To file a complaint with the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, please visit https://www.eeoc.gov/filing-charge-discrimination.

Sexual Harassment and Discrimination Prevention Policy:

1. This policy applies to all employees, supervisors, and Department Heads, whether employed full- or part-time, temporary or seasonal, and interns, whether paid or unpaid. The policy also applies to additional covered individuals. It applies to all Elected Officials, Appointed Members of Boards and Commissions, and volunteers. It applies to applicants for employment, anyone who is (or is employed by) a contractor, subcontractor, vendor, consultant, or anyone providing services in our workplace. These individuals include persons commonly referred to as independent contractors, gig workers, and temporary workers. Also included are persons providing equipment repair, cleaning services, or any other services through a contract with the Town. For the remainder of this policy, we will collectively refer to this group as "covered individuals."

- 2. Sexual harassment is unacceptable. Any employee or covered individual who engages in sexual harassment, discrimination, or retaliation will be subject to action, including appropriate discipline for employees. In New York, harassment does not need to be severe or pervasive to be illegal. Employees and covered individuals should not feel discouraged from reporting harassment because they do not believe it is bad enough, or conversely because they do not want to see a colleague fired over less severe behavior. Just as harassment can happen in different degrees, potential discipline for engaging in sexual harassment will depend on the degree of harassment and might include education and counseling. It may lead to suspension or termination when appropriate.
- 3. Retaliation is prohibited. Any employee or covered individual that reports an incident of sexual harassment or discrimination, provides information, or otherwise assists in any investigation of a sexual harassment or discrimination complaint is protected from retaliation. No one should fear reporting sexual harassment if they believe it has occurred. So long as a person reasonably believes that they have witnessed or experienced such behavior, they are protected from retaliation. Any employee of the Town who retaliates against anyone involved in a sexual harassment or discrimination investigation will face disciplinary action, up to and including termination. All employees and covered individuals working in the workplace who believe they have been subject to such retaliation should inform a Department Head, supervisor, or the Town Supervisor. All employees and covered individuals who believe they have been a target of such retaliation may also seek relief from government agencies, as explained below in the section on Legal Protections.
- 4. Discrimination of any kind, including sexual harassment, is a violation of our policies, is unlawful, and may subject the Town to liability for the harm experienced by targets of discrimination. Harassers may also be individually subject to liability and employers or supervisors who fail to report or act on harassment may be liable for aiding and abetting such behavior. Employees at every level who engage in harassment or discrimination, including Department Heads and supervisors who engage in harassment or discrimination or who allow such behavior to continue, will be penalized for such misconduct.
- 5. The Town will conduct a prompt and thorough investigation that is fair to all parties. An investigation will happen whenever management receives a complaint about discrimination or sexual harassment, or when it otherwise knows of possible discrimination or sexual harassment occurring. The Town will keep the investigation confidential to the extent possible. If an investigation ends with the finding that discrimination or sexual harassment occurred, the Town will take appropriate action. The Town will also take steps to ensure a safe work environment for the employee(s) who experienced the discrimination or harassment. All employees, including Department Heads and supervisors, are required to cooperate with any internal investigation of discrimination or sexual harassment.
- 6. All employees and covered individuals are encouraged to report any harassment or behaviors that violate this policy. All employees will have access to a complaint form to report harassment and file complaints. Use of this form is not required. For anyone who would rather make a complaint verbally, or by email, these complaints will be treated with equal priority. An employee or covered individual who prefers not to report harassment to their Department Head or employer may instead report harassment to the New York State Division of Human Rights and/or the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. Complaints may be made to both the Town and a government agency.

Department Heads and supervisors are **required** to report any complaint that they receive, or any harassment that they observe or become aware of, to the Town Supervisor, or if the Town Supervisor is an involved party, to any member of the Town Board.

7. This policy applies to all employees and covered individuals, such as contractors, subcontractors, vendors, consultants, or anyone providing services in the workplace, and all must follow and uphold this policy. This policy must be provided to all employees in person or digitally through email upon hiring and will be posted prominently in all work locations.

What Is Sexual Harassment?

Sexual harassment is a form of gender-based discrimination that is unlawful under federal, state, and (where applicable) local law. Sexual harassment includes harassment on the basis of sex, sexual orientation, self-identified or perceived sex, gender expression, gender identity, and the status of being transgender. Sexual harassment is not limited to sexual contact, touching, or expressions of a sexually suggestive nature. Sexual harassment includes all forms of gender discrimination including gender role stereotyping and treating employees differently because of their gender.

Understanding gender diversity is essential to recognizing sexual harassment because discrimination based on sex stereotypes, gender expression and perceived identity are all forms of sexual harassment. The gender spectrum is nuanced, but the three most common ways people identify are cisgender, transgender, and non-binary. A cisgender person is someone whose gender aligns with the sex they were assigned at birth. Generally, this gender will align with the binary of male or female. A transgender person is someone whose gender is different than the sex they were assigned at birth. A non-binary person does not identify exclusively as a man or a woman. They might identify as both, somewhere in between, or completely outside the gender binary. Some may identify as transgender, but not all do. Respecting an individual's gender identity is a necessary first step in establishing a safe workplace.

Sexual harassment is unlawful when it subjects an individual to inferior terms, conditions, or privileges of employment. Harassment does not need to be severe or pervasive to be illegal. It can be any harassing behavior that rises above petty slights or trivial inconveniences. Every instance of harassment is unique to those experiencing it, and there is no single boundary between petty slights and harassing behavior. However, the Human Rights Law specifies that whether harassing conduct is considered petty or trivial is to be viewed from the standpoint of a reasonable victim of discrimination with the same protected characteristics. Generally, any behavior in which an employee or covered individual is treated worse because of their gender (perceived or actual), sexual orientation, or gender expression is considered a violation of the Town's policy. The intent of the behavior, for example, making a joke, does not neutralize a harassment claim. Not intending to harass is not a defense. The impact of the behavior on a person is what counts. Sexual harassment includes any unwelcome conduct which is either directed at an individual because of that individual's gender identity or expression (perceived or actual), or is of a sexual nature when:

 The purpose or effect of this behavior unreasonably interferes with an individual's work performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment. The impacted person does not need to be the intended target of the sexual harassment;

- Employment depends implicitly or explicitly on accepting such unwelcome behavior; or
- Decisions regarding an individual's employment are based on an individual's acceptance to or rejection of such behavior. Such decisions can include what shifts and how many hours an employee might work, project assignments, as well as salary and promotion decisions.

There are two main types of sexual harassment:

- Behaviors that contribute to a hostile work environment include, but are not limited
 to, words, signs, jokes, pranks, intimidation, or physical violence which are of a
 sexual nature, or which are directed at an individual because of that individual's sex,
 gender identity, or gender expression. Sexual harassment also consists of any
 unwanted verbal or physical advances, sexually explicit derogatory, or discriminatory
 statements which an employee finds offensive or objectionable, causes an employee
 discomfort or humiliation, or interferes with the employee's job performance.
- Sexual harassment also occurs when a person in authority tries to trade job benefits for sexual favors. This can include hiring, promotion, continued employment or any other terms, conditions, or privileges of employment. This is also called **quid pro quo** harassment.

Any employee or covered individual who feels harassed is encouraged to report the behavior so that any violation of this policy can be corrected promptly. Any harassing conduct, even a single incident, can be discrimination and is covered by this policy.

Examples of Sexual Harassment

The following describes some of the types of acts that may be unlawful sexual harassment and that are strictly prohibited. **This list is just a sample of behaviors and should not be considered exhaustive**. Any employee who believes they have experienced sexual harassment, even if it does not appear on this list, should feel encouraged to report it:

- Physical acts of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Touching, pinching, patting, kissing, hugging, grabbing, brushing against another employee's body, or poking another employee's body; or
 - Rape, sexual battery, molestation, or attempts to commit these assaults, which
 may be considered criminal conduct outside the scope of this policy (please
 contact local law enforcement if you wish to pursue criminal charges).
- Unwanted sexual comments, advances, or propositions, such as:
 - Requests for sexual favors accompanied by implied or overt threats concerning the target's job performance evaluation, a promotion, or other job benefits;
 - o Subtle or obvious pressure for unwelcome sexual activities; or
 - o Repeated requests for dates or romantic gestures, including gift-giving.
- Sexually oriented gestures, noises, remarks or jokes, or questions and comments about a person's sexuality, sexual experience, or romantic history which create a hostile work environment. This is not limited to interactions in person. Remarks made over virtual platforms and in messaging apps when employees are working remotely can create a similarly hostile work environment.

- Sex stereotyping, which occurs when someone's conduct or personality traits are judged based on other people's ideas or perceptions about how individuals of a particular sex should act or look:
 - Remarks regarding an employee's gender expression, such as wearing a garment typically associated with a different gender identity; or
 - Asking employees to take on traditionally gendered roles, such as asking a woman to serve meeting refreshments when it is not part of, or appropriate to, her job duties.
- Sexual or discriminatory displays or publications anywhere in the workplace, such as:
 - Displaying pictures, posters, calendars, graffiti, objects, promotional material, reading materials, or other materials that are sexually demeaning or pornographic. This includes such sexual displays on workplace computers or cell phones and sharing such displays while in the workplace;
 - This also extends to the virtual or remote workspace and can include having such materials visible in the background of one's home during a virtual meeting.
- Hostile actions taken against an individual because of that individual's sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression, such as:
 - o Interfering with, destroying, or damaging a person's workstation, tools or equipment, or otherwise interfering with the individual's ability to perform the job;
 - Sabotaging an individual's work;
 - Bullying, yelling, or name-calling;
 - o Intentional misuse of an individual's preferred pronouns; or
 - o Creating different expectations for individuals based on their perceived identities:
 - Dress codes that place more emphasis on women's attire;
 - Leaving parents/caregivers out of meetings.

Who Can be a Target of Sexual Harassment?

Sexual harassment can occur between any individuals, regardless of their sex or gender. Harassment does not have to be between members of the opposite sex or gender. New York Law protects all covered individuals described earlier in the policy. **Harassers can be anyone in the workplace**. A Department Head, supervisor, or a coworker can all be harassers. Anyone else in the workplace can also be harassers including an Elected Official, independent contractor, contract worker, vendor, client, customer, constituent, or visitor.

Sexual harassment does not happen in a vacuum and discrimination experienced by an employee can be impacted by biases and identities beyond an individual's gender. For example:

- Placing different demands or expectations on black women employees than white women employees can be both racial and gender discrimination;
- An individual's immigration status may lead to perceptions of vulnerability and increased concerns around illegal retaliation for reporting sexual harassment; or
- Past experiences as a survivor of domestic or sexual violence may lead an individual to feel re-traumatized by someone's behaviors in the workplace.

Individuals bring personal history with them to the workplace that might impact how they interact with certain behavior. It is especially important for all employees to be aware of how words or actions might impact someone with a different experience than their own in the interest of creating a safe and equitable workplace.

Where Can Sexual Harassment Occur?

Unlawful sexual harassment is not limited to the physical workplace itself. It can occur while employees are traveling for business or at employer or industry sponsored events or parties. Calls, texts, emails, and social media usage by employees or covered individuals can constitute unlawful workplace harassment, even if they occur away from the workplace premises, on personal devices, or during non-work hours.

Sexual harassment can occur when employees are working remotely from home as well. Any behaviors outlined above that leave an employee feeling uncomfortable, humiliated, or unable to meet their job requirements constitute harassment even if the employee or covered individual is at home when the harassment occurs. Harassment can happen on virtual meeting platforms, in messaging apps, and after working hours between personal cell phones.

Retaliation

Retaliation is unlawful and is any action by an employer or supervisor that punishes an individual upon learning of a harassment claim, that seeks to discourage a worker or covered individual from making a formal complaint or supporting a sexual harassment or discrimination claim, or that punishes those who have come forward. These actions need not be job-related or occur in the workplace to constitute unlawful retaliation. For example, threats of physical violence outside of work hours or disparaging someone on social media would be covered as retaliation under this policy.

Examples of retaliation may include, but are not limited to:

- Demotion, termination, denying accommodations, reduced hours, or the assignment of less desirable shifts:
- Publicly releasing personnel files;
- Refusing to provide a reference or providing an unwarranted negative reference;
- Labeling an employee as "difficult" and excluding them from projects to avoid "drama;"
- Undermining an individual's immigration status; or
- Reducing work responsibilities, passing over for a promotion, or moving an individual's desk to a less desirable office location.

Such retaliation is unlawful under federal, state, and (where applicable) local law. The New York State Human Rights Law protects any individual who has engaged in "protected activity." Protected activity occurs when a person has:

- Made a complaint of sexual harassment or discrimination, either internally or with any government agency;
- Testified or assisted in a proceeding involving sexual harassment or discrimination under the Human Rights Law or any other anti-discrimination law;
- Opposed sexual harassment or discrimination by making a verbal or informal complaint to management, or by simply informing a Department Head or supervisor of suspected harassment;
- Reported that another employee has been sexually harassed or discriminated against; or
- Encouraged a fellow employee to report harassment.

Even if the alleged harassment does not turn out to rise to the level of a violation of law, the individual is protected from retaliation if the person had a good faith belief that the

practices were unlawful. However, the retaliation provision is not intended to protect persons making intentionally false charges of harassment.

Reporting Sexual Harassment

Everyone must work toward preventing sexual harassment, but leadership matters. Department Heads and supervisors have a special responsibility to make sure employees feel safe at work and that workplaces are free from harassment and discrimination.

Reports of alleged discrimination and/or harassment (including sexual harassment) or retaliation may be made verbally or in writing. A form for the submission of a written complaint is attached to this Employee Handbook as Appendix B and individuals are encouraged, but not required, to use this form. If an individual chooses to submit a verbal complaint, such complaint will be documented by the receiver of this complaint, preferably by use of this form. Employees who are reporting sexual harassment on behalf of other employees may use the complaint form and should note that it is on another employee's behalf. A verbal or otherwise written complaint (such as an email) on behalf of oneself or another employee is also acceptable.

Employees and covered individuals are encouraged to report incidents of discrimination, harassment (including sexual harassment), or retaliation to the Town's HR Consultant, a Department Head and/or the Town Supervisor as soon as possible after the occurrence. If an employee's Department Head is believed to be involved in the incident, or if the employee is not comfortable in addressing the incident with the Department Head, the report should be made directly to the HR Consultant or the Town Supervisor. If the Town Supervisor is believed to be involved in the incident or the employee or covered individual is not comfortable reporting the incident to the Town Supervisor, the report should be directed to the HR Consultant or any member of the Town Board.

Employees and covered individuals who believe they have been a target of sexual harassment may at any time seek assistance in additional available forums, as explained below in the section on Legal Protections.

Supervisory Responsibilities

Department Heads and supervisors have a responsibility to prevent sexual harassment and discrimination. All Department Heads and supervisors who receive a complaint or information about suspected sexual harassment, observe what may be sexually harassing or discriminatory behavior, or for any reason suspect that sexual harassment or discrimination is occurring, are required to report such suspected sexual harassment in accordance with the procedures above. Department Heads and supervisors should not be passive and wait for an employee to make a claim of harassment. If they observe such behavior, they must act.

Department Heads and supervisors can be disciplined if they engage in sexually harassing or discriminatory behavior themselves. Department Heads and supervisors can also be disciplined for failing to report suspected sexual harassment or allowing sexual harassment to continue after they know about it.

Department Heads and supervisors will also be subject to discipline for engaging in any retaliation.

While Department Heads and supervisors have a responsibility to report harassment and discrimination, they must be mindful of the impact that harassment and a

subsequent investigation has on victims. Being identified as a possible victim of harassment and questioned about harassment and discrimination can be intimidating, uncomfortable and re-traumatizing for individuals. Department Heads and supervisors must accommodate the needs of individuals who have experienced harassment to ensure the workplace is safe, supportive, and free from retaliation for them before, during, and after any investigation.

Bystander Intervention

Any employee witnessing harassment as a bystander is encouraged to report it. A Department Head or supervisor that is a bystander to harassment is **required** to report it. There are five standard methods of bystander intervention that can be used when anyone witnesses harassment or discrimination and wants to help:

- 1. A bystander can interrupt the harassment by engaging with the individual being harassed and distracting them from the harassing behavior;
- 2. A bystander who feels unsafe interrupting on their own can ask a third party to help intervene in the harassment;
- 3. A bystander can record or take notes on the harassment incident to benefit a future investigation;
- 4. A bystander might check in with the person who has been harassed after the incident, see how they are feeling and let them know the behavior was not ok; and
- 5. If a bystander feels safe, they can confront the harassers and name the behavior as inappropriate. When confronting harassment, physically assaulting an individual is never an appropriate response.

Though not exhaustive, and dependent on the circumstances, the guidelines above can serve as a brief guide of how to react when witnessing harassment in the workplace. Any employee witnessing harassment as a bystander is encouraged to report it. A Department Head or supervisor that is a bystander to harassment is required to report it.

Complaints and Investigations of Sexual Harassment

All complaints or information about sexual harassment will be investigated, whether that information was reported in verbal or written form. An investigation of any complaint, information, or knowledge of suspected sexual harassment will be prompt, thorough, and started and completed as soon as possible. The investigation will be kept confidential to the extent possible. All individuals involved, including those making a harassment claim, witnesses, and alleged harassers deserve a fair and impartial investigation.

Any employee may be required to cooperate as needed in an investigation of suspected sexual harassment. The Town will take disciplinary action against anyone engaging in retaliation against employees who file complaints, support another's complaint, or participate in harassment investigations.

The Town recognizes that participating in a harassment investigation can be uncomfortable and has the potential to retraumatize an employee. Those receiving claims and leading investigations will handle complaints and questions with sensitivity toward those participating.

While the process may vary from case to case, investigations will generally be done in accordance with the following steps. Upon receipt of a complaint, the Town's HR Consultant:

- 1. Will conduct a prompt review of the allegations, assess the appropriate scope of the investigation, and take any interim actions (for example, instructing the individual(s) about whom the complaint was made to refrain from communications with the individual(s) who reported the harassment), as appropriate. If the complaint is verbal, request that the individual completes the complaint form in writing. If the person reporting prefers not to fill out the form, a complaint form or equivalent documentation based on the verbal reporting will be prepared;
- 2. Will take steps to obtain, review, and preserve documents sufficient to assess the allegations, including documents, emails or phone records that may be relevant to the investigation and will consider and implement appropriate document request, review, and preservation measures, including for electronic communications;
- 3. Will seek to interview all parties involved, including any relevant witnesses;
- 4. Will create a written documentation of the investigation (such as a letter, memo or email), which contains the following:
 - a. A list of all documents reviewed, along with a detailed summary of relevant documents;
 - b. A list of names of those interviewed, along with a detailed summary of their statements:
 - c. A timeline of events;
 - d. A summary of any prior relevant incidents disclosed in the investigation, reported or unreported; and
 - e. The basis for the decision and final resolution of the complaint, together with any corrective action(s).
- 5. Will keep the written documentation and associated documents in a secure and confidential location;
- 6. Will promptly notify the individual(s) who reported the harassment and the individual(s) about whom the complaint was made that the investigation has been completed and implement any corrective actions identified in the written document; and
- 7. Will inform the individual(s) who reported of the right to file a complaint or charge externally as outlined in the next section.

Corrective Action and Discipline

Any employee who is found to have violated any aspect of this policy will be subject to corrective or disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment, as provided by Town operating procedures, including Civil Service Law Section 75 or the disciplinary procedures contained in a collective bargaining agreement. Any Elected Official who violates this policy will be subject to remedial action as provided for and/or allowed under NYS Public Officers Law, as well as any other applicable statutes. Any vendor, supplier, visitor, customer, or other non-employee who violates this policy will be subject to remedial action, to the extent that the Town is empowered to take such action.

Legal Protections and External Remedies

Sexual harassment is not only prohibited by Town policy, but it is also prohibited by state, federal, and, where applicable, local law.

The internal process outlined in the policy above is one way for employees to report sexual harassment. Employees and covered individuals may also choose to pursue legal remedies with the following governmental entities. While a private attorney is not required to file a complaint with a governmental agency, an individual may also seek the legal advice of an attorney.

New York State Division of Human Rights

The New York State Human Rights Law (HRL), N.Y. Executive Law, art. 15, § 290 *et seq.*, applies to all employers in New York State and protects employees and covered individuals, regardless of immigration status. A complaint alleging violation of the Human Rights Law may be filed either with the New York State Division of Human Rights (DHR) or in New York State Supreme Court.

Complaints of sexual harassment filed with DHR may be submitted any time **within three years** of the harassment. If an individual does not file a complaint with DHR, they can bring a lawsuit directly in state court under the Human Rights Law, **within three years** of the alleged sexual harassment. An individual may not file with DHR if they have already filed a HRL complaint in state court.

Complaining internally to the Town does not extend the time to file with DHR or in court. The three years are counted from the date of the most recent incident of harassment. An individual does not need an attorney to file a complaint with DHR, and there is no cost to file with DHR.

DHR will investigate the complaint and determine whether there is probable cause to believe that sexual harassment has occurred. Probable cause cases receive a public hearing before an administrative law judge. If sexual harassment is found at the hearing, DHR has the power to award relief. Relief varies but it may include requiring the employer to take action to stop the harassment, or repair the damage caused by the harassment, including paying of monetary damages, punitive damages, attorney's fees, and civil fines.

DHR's main office contact information is: NYS Division of Human Rights, One Fordham Plaza, Fourth Floor, Bronx, New York 10458. Individuals may call (718) 741-8400 or visit: www.dhr.ny.gov.

Go to dhr.ny.gov/complaint for more information about filing a complaint with DHR. The website has a digital complaint process that can be completed on a computer or mobile device from start to finish. The website has a complaint form that can be downloaded, filled out, and mailed to DHR as well as a form that can be submitted online. The website also contains contact information for DHR's regional offices across New York State.

Call the DHR sexual harassment hotline at **(800) HARASS3** (800-427-2773) for more information about filing a sexual harassment complaint. This hotline can also provide a referral to a volunteer attorney experienced in sexual harassment matters who can provide limited free assistance and counsel over the phone.

The United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission

The United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) enforces federal anti-discrimination laws, including Title VII of the 1964 federal Civil Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e *et seq.* An individual can file a complaint with the EEOC anytime within 300 days from the most recent incident of harassment. There is no cost to file a complaint with the EEOC. The EEOC will investigate the complaint and determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that discrimination has occurred. If the EEOC determines that the law may have been violated, the EEOC will try to reach a voluntary settlement with the employer. If the EEOC cannot reach a settlement, the EEOC (or the Department of Justice in certain cases) will decide whether to file a lawsuit. The EEOC will issue a Notice of Right to Sue permitting workers to file a lawsuit in federal court if the EEOC closes the charge, is unable to determine if federal employment discrimination laws may have been violated, or believes that unlawful discrimination occurred by does not file a lawsuit.

Individuals may obtain relief in mediation, settlement or conciliation. In addition, federal courts may award remedies if discrimination is found to have occurred. In general, private employers must have at least 15 employees to come within the jurisdiction of the EEOC.

An employee alleging discrimination at work can file a "Charge of Discrimination." The EEOC has district, area, and field offices where complaints can be filed. Contact the EEOC by calling 1-800-669-4000 (TTY: 1-800-669-6820), visiting their website at www.eeoc.gov or via email at info@eeoc.gov.

If an individual filed an administrative complaint with the New York State Division of Human Rights, DHR will automatically file the complaint with the EEOC to preserve the right to proceed in federal court.

Local Protections

Many localities enforce laws protecting individuals from sexual harassment and discrimination. An individual should contact the county, city or town in which they live to find out if such a law exists.

Contact the Local Police Department

If the harassment involves unwanted physical touching, coerced physical confinement, or coerced sex acts, the conduct may constitute a crime. Those wishing to pursue criminal charges are encouraged to contact their local police department.

Conclusion

The policy outlined above is aimed at providing employees at the Town of Pawling and covered individuals an understanding of their right to a discrimination and harassment free workplace. All employees should feel safe at work. Though the focus of this policy is on sexual harassment and gender discrimination, the New York State Human Rights law protects against discrimination in several protected classes including sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, age, race, creed, color, national origin, military status, disability, pre-disposing genetic characteristics, familial status, marital status, criminal history, or domestic violence survivor status. The prevention policies outlined above should be considered applicable to all protected classes.

806 Town of Pawling Workplace Violence Prevention Policy

Policy Statement – The Town of Pawling, New York is committed to the safety and security of our employees. Workplace violence presents a serious occupational safety hazard to our Town and staff. Threats, threatening behavior, or acts of violence against our employees, visitors, guests, or other individuals by anyone on the Town of Pawling property will be thoroughly investigated and appropriate action will be taken, including summoning law enforcement authorities, when warranted. All employees are responsible for helping to create an environment of mutual respect for each other, following all policies, procedures and program requirements, and for assisting in maintaining a safe and secure work environment.

This policy is intended to meet the requirements of New York State Labor Law 27b and emphasizes some of the elements found within our Workplace Violence Prevention Program. Compliance with this law includes a workplace evaluation that is designed to identify the workplace violence hazards of risk to our employees. Other tools utilized during the preparation of this policy and process include establishing an ad hoc committee of management and authorized employee representatives who have a role in the workplace evaluation process, recommending methods to reduce or eliminate the hazards noted in the process, and investigating such incidents or allegations. All employees participate in the annual Workplace Violence Prevention Training Program.

The goal of this policy is to promote a safe and secure workplace. All incidents of violence or threatening behavior will be responded to immediately upon notification. The Town of Pawling has specified response personnel that include a member of management and an employee representative. If appropriate, the Town of Pawling will offer counseling services or referrals for employee consideration.

Reporting Requirements – Any incident of workplace violence or imminent danger must be promptly reported to the Town's HR Consultant, the employee's Department Head or the Town Supervisor. A copy of the Town's Workplace Violence Incident Report form is attached to this Employee Handbook as Appendix C.

Policy Violations – Violations of this policy will result in appropriate remedial, disciplinary, and/or legal action, according to the circumstances.

Prohibition Against Retaliation – An employee will not be subject to criticism, reprisal, retaliation, demotion, discrimination, disciplinary action, or other adverse employment action for making a good faith report of acts pursuant to this program.

807 Drug-Free Workplace / Drug Free Awareness Program

Policy Statement – It is the policy of the Town of Pawling that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of an illegal controlled substance as defined in the Federal Drug-Free Workplace Act, is prohibited on the job or at the workplace.

Coverage – The Town of Pawling's Drug-Free Workplace Policy pertains to <u>all</u> individuals who are employed by the Town of Pawling.

Compliance with Federal Drug-Free Workplace Act — The Federal Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 is applicable to all recipients of Federal grants. In order to receive federal funds, the Town must certify to the granting Federal agency that it will provide a drug-free workplace in accordance with the legislation. As a recipient of Federal grants, the Town hereby complies with the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act by adopting this policy and drug-free awareness program:

Prohibited Conduct – No employee shall use, sell, distribute, dispense, possess, or manufacture any alcoholic beverage, marijuana product, illegal drugs, or any other intoxicating substance, nor be under the influence of such, while on duty, at any job site or workplace, or in a Town vehicle, a vehicle leased for Town business, or a privately owned vehicle being used for Town business. An employee who, after investigation, is found to have violated this prohibition may be referred for counseling or rehabilitation and satisfactory treatment and will be subject to criminal, civil and disciplinary penalties, up to and including termination of employment. Any work-related accident or injury involving a Town vehicle, equipment, and/or property where it can be demonstrated that the use of alcohol, marijuana products, illegal drugs, or any other intoxicants may have been a contributing factor will result in disciplinary action which may include penalties up to and including termination of employment.

Use of Prescription and Over-the-Counter Drugs — Prescription drugs must be in the possession of the individual to whom the prescription was written, taken in the dosage prescribed, and maintained in their original containers. Employees in public safety or safety-sensitive positions must inform their supervisors of any prescription or legal, nonprescription (i.e., over-the-counter) drugs they are currently taking that could in any way affect or impair the employee's ability to perform the job safely. The legal use of prescribed and over-the-counter drugs is permitted on the job only if it does not impair an employee's ability to perform the job safely and if it does not affect the safety or well being of other individuals in the workplace.

Non-Discrimination Policy – The Town of Pawling will not discriminate against an applicant or employee because of past substance abuse provided it can be demonstrated that the applicant/employee has received appropriate treatment <u>and</u> tests negative for controlled substance use. It is the current use of alcohol and controlled substances that will not be tolerated in the workplace.

Employee Assistance – It is the policy of the Town to work with an employee suffering from substance abuse so that the employee will receive assistance necessary to overcome dependency. An employee seeking such assistance is encouraged to contact the employee's Department Head to discuss the situation before problems begin to surface in the workplace. Any disclosures made by an employee will be treated as strictly confidential to the greatest extent practicable. The employee's decision to seek assistance will not be used as the basis for disciplinary action nor used against the employee in any disciplinary proceeding.

Employee Responsibilities – As a condition of the Town receiving Federal grant monies, each employee must abide by this policy and notify the employee's Department Head of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace within five calendar days of the conviction.

Town Responsibilities – The Town will notify the granting federal agency within ten days after receiving notice from an employee of such a conviction or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. In addition, within thirty calendar days of receiving notice of a conviction, the Town will take disciplinary action against the employee and/or require such employee to satisfactorily participate in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program pursuant to Sections 702 and 703 of the Drug-Free Workplace Act.

Drug-Free Awareness Program – It is the policy of the Town of Pawling to maintain a drug-free workplace. In accordance with that policy, the Town is providing the following drug-free awareness information to raise employee awareness of the dangers associated with drug abuse in the workplace.

Dangers of Drug Abuse in the Workplace

Employees with chemical dependence problems have a major negative impact on productivity, staff morale, and labor/management relations. Their hidden illness is responsible for:

1. Declining Performance

- poor concentration
- confusion in following directions
- noticeable change in the quality of work
- inability to meet deadlines
- errors in judgment affecting the health and safety of others
- customer complaints and injuries

2. Increased Costs

- five times the average sick and accident benefits
- higher job turnover, replacement and training costs
- greater workers' compensation and health insurance payments
- 3 to 5 times more on-the-job accidents
- unemployment claims

3. Absenteeism and Tardiness

- double the normal rate
- repeatedly being late for work and often leaving early
- extended lunch hours
- frequent illness and accidents both on and off the job

4. Damaged Relationships

 emotional outbursts, over-reaction to criticism, mood swings, complaints from coworkers, associates and the public often leading to damaged relations

808 Controlled Substance and Alcohol Testing (CDL Operators)

Statement of Compliance – The Town Board has adopted a Controlled Substance and Alcohol Testing Policy that is in compliance with the "Omnibus Transportation Employee Testing Act of 1991" (OTETA). The purpose of this policy is to reduce accidents resulting from an employee's use of controlled substances and alcohol, thus reducing fatalities, injuries and property damage.

Covered Employees – The Town's Controlled Substance and Alcohol Testing Policy applies to all covered drivers as defined by the federal regulations, which includes all employees who drive commercial motor vehicles (as defined in Sec. 382.107 of the OTETA) requiring a commercial driver's license to operate.

Acknowledgment Form – A covered employee will receive a written copy of the Controlled Substance and Alcohol Testing Policy and must sign an Employee Acknowledgment Form. This form will be placed in the employee's personnel file.

809 Smoking

Policy Statement – In accordance with the NYS Clean Indoor Air Act, it is the policy of the Town to prohibit smoking in the workplace, which includes all Town buildings and all Town vehicles.

901 Workplace Safety

Policy Statement – Prevention of injury and illness in the workplace requires the cooperation of all employees in all safety and health matters. It is the policy of the Town to reduce the number of workplace injuries and illnesses to an absolute minimum. Accidents can be prevented through use of reasonable precautions and the practice of safe working habits.

Employee Responsibility – In an effort to protect all employees and to safeguard equipment and property, before an employee begins a given task, it is the employee's responsibility to understand the correct operation and possible hazards involved, safety procedures, and necessary safety equipment required to perform the job.

Safety Program – The Town's safety program includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- Providing mechanical and physical safeguards to the maximum extent possible;
- Conducting inspections to find and eliminate unsafe working conditions and practices, control health hazards, and comply with the safety and health standards for every job;
- Training all employees in safety and health practices;
- Providing necessary personal protective equipment and instructions for its use and care;
- Developing and enforcing safety and health rules and requiring that employees cooperate with these rules as a condition of employment;
- Investigating, promptly and thoroughly, every accident to find the cause and correct the problem to prevent future occurrences;
- Providing First Aid kits and fire extinguishers throughout buildings and facilities.

Accident Plan – In the event of an accident, an employee must immediately stop work and take the following steps:

- Provide aid to the injured person and summon for assistance;
- Eliminate the immediate cause of the accident;
- If the accident appears serious, call 911; and
- Notify the Department Head immediately; and
- Take steps to prevent additional accidents.

Accident Reporting Procedures – In the event an accident occurs in the workplace or in the course of employment, the following procedures will apply:

- When an accident occurs which results either in the loss of an employee's work time, or in the provision of medical care to an employee, the employee must immediately notify the Department Head who will in turn notify the Town Supervisor's office. The Town Supervisor's office must complete an *Employer's Report of Injury Form (C-2F)* and submit according to operating procedures.
- When an accident occurs which does not result in the loss of an employee's work time, or in the provision of medical care to the employee, the employee must immediately notify the Department Head who will in turn notify the Town Supervisor's office. The Town Supervisor's office will maintain appropriate documentation of the incident.
- The Town Supervisor's office will keep a log of the injury or illness for five years following the end of the calendar year to which it relates. A copy of this log, which includes totals and information for the year, must be posted in each department or areas where notices to employees are customarily posted.

902 Hazard Communication Program

Statement of Compliance – The Town of Pawling is committed to providing a safe and healthy work environment and complies with all Federal, State and local laws regarding hazard recognition, accident prevention, and working conditions. The Town considers Hazard Communication and the prevention of workplace injuries and illnesses to be of prime importance.

Guidelines – The following guidelines for the identification of chemical hazards and the preparation and proper use of containers, labels, placards, and other types of warning devices must be adhered to:

- Chemical Inventory The Town must maintain an inventory of all known chemicals in use. An employee may obtain the chemical inventory from the employee's supervisor or Department Head.
- Container Labels All chemicals on a work-site must be stored in the original or approved containers with the proper label attached. The Department Head must ensure that each container is labeled with the identity of the hazardous chemical contained and any appropriate hazard warnings. The Town will rely on manufacturer applied labels whenever possible. A container that is not labeled or on which the manufacturer's label has been removed, must be properly labeled. A container not properly labeled must be given to the Department Head for labeling or proper disposal.
- Dispensing Chemicals An employee may dispense chemicals from original containers only in small quantities intended for immediate use. Any chemical leftover must be returned to the original container or to the Department Head for proper handling. No unmarked containers of any size are to be left in the work area unattended.

Safety Data Sheets (SDS) – An employee working with a Hazardous Chemical shall obtain a copy of the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and a standard chemical reference from the employee's Department Head.

Employee Training – An employee must be trained to work safely with hazardous chemicals. This training program must cover the following areas:

- Methods used to detect the release of hazardous chemicals in the workplace;
- Physical and health hazards of chemicals and the measures used to protect employees;
- Safe work practices;
- Emergency responses to the exposure of hazardous chemicals;
- Proper use of personal protective equipment; and
- Hazard Communication Standards, including labeling and warning systems, and an explanation of the use of Safety Data Sheets.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) – Depending on job duties, an employee must routinely wear protective devices, such as gloves and safety glasses, as directed by the supervisor. An employee who is required to wear special safety equipment as directed by the supervisor must comply with the supervisor's request.

Emergency Response – Any incident of overexposure or spill of a hazardous chemical/substance must immediately be reported to the employee's supervisor. The supervisor must insure that proper emergency response actions are taken.

Hazards of Non-Routine Tasks – The Department Head must inform employees of any special tasks that may arise which would involve possible exposure to hazardous chemicals. Review of safe work procedures and use of required PPE must be conducted prior to the start of these tasks. Where necessary, areas will be posted to indicate the nature of the hazard involved.

903 Public Employer Health Emergency Plan

The Town of Pawling has developed a Public Employer Health Emergency Plan, in accordance with NYS Labor Law §27-c. This plan has been approved by the Town Board and is available from the Town Supervisor's Office.

By reference here, it is incorporated as part of this Employee Handbook.

1000 COMMUNICATION PROCEDURES

1001 Organizational Communications

Summary – The Town Board is committed to assuring effective communications between the Board and employees. The success of the organization is dependent upon a set of common interests and goals that are achieved through teamwork, sharing of ideas, and effective communications of our short-term and long-term plans. From time to time, information and updates will be distributed to employees. All employees are encouraged to discuss this information with their Department Head should there be any questions.

Methods of Communication — Information will be communicated to employees in a variety of ways, including general and departmental meetings, e-mail distributions, memos and other written correspondence, notices distributed with paychecks, and posting of information. Employees should check bulletin boards, and the Town website (https://pawling.org) frequently to keep informed on changes in employment matters and other items of interest. Except as otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement, all material to be posted on bulletin boards, including memos and announcements, must have the prior approval of the appropriate Department Head.

Required Postings and Notifications – In accordance with Section 201 of the New York State Labor Law, digital versions of required federal and state postings that are required to be physically posted are also available on the Town's website.

1002 Incident Reporting

Policy Statement – Employees are encouraged to report all incidents of workplace violence, harassment, sexual harassment, discrimination, bullying, hostile work environment and unfair treatment as soon as they occur. To this effect, the Town has included a general "complaint form" for employees to use to document complaints that fall outside of the definition of "harassment/sexual harassment" and "workplace violence." This complaint form is attached Appendix D to this Employee Handbook.

Reporting of Incidents – Upon completion of the applicable complaint form, employees are encouraged to submit the completed form to the designated official with whom they feel most comfortable reporting to. This may include the Town's HR Consultant, the employee's Department Head, the Town Supervisor, or any member of the Town Board.

Prohibition Against Retaliation – An employee will not be subject to criticism, reprisal, retaliation, demotion, discrimination, disciplinary action, or other adverse employment action for making any good faith complaint.

1003 Adverse Communications

Policy Statement – An employee who receives any communication of a negative nature directed to the Town, or to any of its officers or employees in their official capacity, shall immediately notify and/or forward the communication to the appropriate Department Head. The term "communication" shall refer to both written and verbal communications, and includes, but is not limited to, memoranda, faxes, messages, letters, legal notices, e-mails, summonses and other communications.

1004 Suggestions

Policy Statement – Giving and receiving feedback is encouraged in order to promote a positive, productive, and cooperative atmosphere. Employees should notify their supervisor or Department Head of any suggestions which may be valuable to the Town's productivity and success. All suggestions will be carefully reviewed and may be implemented if feasible.

1005 Public Relations

Policy Statement – The courteous, professional treatment of members of the public by all employees helps to build confidence among the citizens we serve. We require all employees to make every effort to represent the Town in a polite and professional manner.

1006 Press Policy

Policy Statement – All requests for information directed to a Town employee from the media (e.g. television, radio, newspaper) regarding any aspect of Town affairs must be referred to the Town Supervisor's office. If the request is concerned with something of a sensitive nature, the Town Attorney should be notified prior to the release of any statement or information.

All press releases, publications, articles and any other documents for release to the media or the public must be approved in advance by the Town Supervisor's Office.

1007 Reporting of Improper Activities

Policy Statement – Any employee who witnesses or becomes aware of an inappropriate action, improper financial circumstance, inappropriate use of Town funds or property, safety issue, or other matter that appears to be improper, should immediately make his or her Department Head or supervisor, the Town Supervisor, or any Town Board member aware of the issue. When an imminent and serious danger to public health or safety exists, an employee may see fit to immediately report violations to law enforcement or other applicable governing body. Even if you are in doubt about what you witnessed or were made aware of you should report the matter.

Retaliation – Under Section 75-B of New York State Civil Service Law, New York State Public Sector Whistleblower Law, an employee, who in good faith, discloses to a governmental body information regarding a violation of law, a substantial and specific danger to the public health or safety, or an improper governmental action which the employee reasonably believes to be true, shall be protected from any adverse personnel action including, but not limited to: termination, disciplinary action, or changes in compensation. Any Town employee or officer who commits or condones any form of retaliation against anyone who in good faith reports alleged misconduct will be subject to discipline up to, and including, termination.

1008 Political Advertisements in the Workplace

Policy Statement – The Town complies with NYS General Municipal Law §99-z, which prohibits municipal officers or employees from displaying political advertisements on public property.

Political Advertisements – "Political advertisement" shall mean any poster, sign, flag, banner, picture, sticker, patch, bumper sticker, article of clothing, accessory or any other item meant to advertise or promote a certain individual for political office. There are certain exceptions when such a political advertisement appears in a book, digital medium, museum, or otherwise serves an educational or historical purpose, or in instances where the certain individual who is the subject of such political advertisement is deceased.

Prohibited Conduct – A municipal officer or employee, whether paid or unpaid, including volunteer fire department members, is prohibited from displaying or causing to be displayed any political advertisement on or within any public building occupied in the discharge of official duties by an employee or officer of the Town, or on any public flagpole, monument, sign or any other permanent structure that such municipal officer or employee interacts with as part of their official capacity.

This prohibition also applies to political advertisements on any uniform, accessory, or other gear worn or used by a municipal officer or employee as part of their official capacity, as well as on or within any Town-owned vehicle, vehicle owned by a volunteer fire company, or any equipment owned by the Town or fire department.

1009 Procedure for Intra-Municipal, Intra-Agency and Inter-Office Communications

Summary – For the purpose of limiting legal exposure and ensuring that only authorized and approved written and oral communications are transmitted, the following procedures will be adhered to by all employees, Department Heads or Elected Officials:

- Any and all communications of whatever nature and purpose that are to be sent or transmitted from a board of the Town of Pawling to another municipality, outside agency or entity, must be sent only with the approval of a majority of the board involved and only over the signature of the Chairperson of the particular board.
- Any and all communications, either written or oral, being sent or transmitted from a
 board, employee, agent, or consultant of the Town to another municipality, outside
 agency or entity, and that concerns pending or possible litigation, or that may adversely
 affect or bind the Town, or that may state "Town policy", must first be sent to the Town
 Supervisor for his or her (or Town Board) approval before being sent or transmitted.
- Any and all communications, either written or oral, being sent or transmitted from any board of the Town of Pawling to any, employee, agent, or consultant of the Town must be sent or transmitted only by the chairperson of the particular board and not by individual board members.
- Any and all communications, either oral or written, from employees, agents, or consultants to the Town or any of the boards of the Town must be sent or transmitted only to the chairperson of the particular board.
- If any communication referred to above concerns any board member of a Town of Pawling board, any employee, agent, or consultant, or concerns pending or possible litigation against the Town, it must be discussed, if at all, only in executive session.
- It is the responsibility of each chairperson to monitor the communications, either written or oral, being sent from his or her board to whatever source and to be sure that the above procedure is being implemented and followed at all times.

1100 DISPUTE RESOLUTION

1101 Dispute Resolution Procedure

Policy Statement – The Town Board has established a set of procedures to provide for the orderly resolution of differences at the earliest possible stage and to promote a harmonious and cooperative relationship between employees, Department Heads and members of the Town Board which will enhance the overall operation of the Town. The Town will attempt to resolve all work-related complaints that are appropriate for handling under this policy.

Definition of Dispute – For the purpose of this Employee Handbook, a "dispute" will mean a claimed violation, misinterpretation or inequitable application of any of the provisions of this Employee Handbook. In addition, the term "dispute" shall not apply to any matter as to which the Town is without authority to act. A few examples of matters that may be considered appropriate disputes under this policy include:

- A belief that Town policies, practices, rules, regulations, or procedures have been applied in a manner detrimental to an employee;
- Treatment considered unfair by an employee, such as coercion, reprisal, harassment, or intimidation:
- Alleged discrimination because of race, color, sex, age, religion, sexual orientation, national origin, marital status, disability; or any other protected class; and
- Improper or unfair administration of employee benefits or conditions of employment such as scheduling, vacations, fringe benefits, promotions, retirement, holidays, salary, or seniority.

Step One – An employee who claims to have a dispute may present the dispute to the employee's Department Head. The dispute must be submitted, in writing, within seven working days following knowledge of the event(s) which caused the dispute or when the employee should have had knowledge. The dispute will specify the date of submission, the name of the aggrieved employee, the date the dispute arose, the nature of the dispute, the provision of the Employee Handbook that was allegedly violated and a statement of facts, times, dates, and the remedy sought.

Within seven working days after receiving the dispute, the employee's Department Head will meet with the employee to discuss and attempt to resolve the matter.

Step Two – In the event the informal dispute is not resolved at Step One, or the employee reasonably believes that the employee cannot present the dispute to the employee's Department Head, the employee may submit the matter to the Town Supervisor. The dispute must be submitted, in writing, within seven working days from receiving the Step One response, or when the response should have been received or if Step One is not utilized for the above reason, within seven working days following knowledge of the event(s) which caused the dispute or when the employee should have had knowledge.

Within seven working days after receiving the dispute, the Town Supervisor will meet with the employee to discuss and attempt to resolve the matter. Within seven working days from the meeting, the Town Supervisor will issue a written response.

Step Three – In the event the employee is not satisfied with the response at Step Two, the employee may submit the matter to the full Town Board by filing a Request for Hearing with the Town Clerk. The Request for Hearing must be submitted, in writing, within seven working days from receiving the Step Two response, or when the response should have been received. The Request for Hearing will include a written statement of the dispute as outlined in Step One of this Procedure.

The Town Board will set the time and place for the hearing. All decisions rendered by the Town Board will be final and binding.

Time Limits – The employee must adhere to the time limits set forth in this dispute procedure. In the event the employee does not advance the dispute to the next step within the established time limit, the dispute will be considered withdrawn and no further appeal will be accepted. The time limits may be extended by mutual agreement provided the extension is in writing, dated and signed by the employee and the person who is to receive the dispute.

Final Decisions – Final decisions on disputes will not be precedent-setting or binding on future disputes unless they are stated as official Town policy.

Proper Use of Dispute Resolution Procedure – Employees will not be penalized for proper use of the dispute resolution procedure. However, it is not considered proper use if an employee raises a dispute in bad faith or solely for the purposes of delay or harassment, or repeatedly raises meritless disputes. Implementation of the dispute procedure by an employee does not limit the right of the Town to proceed with any disciplinary action that is not in retaliation for the use of this procedure.

Refusal to Proceed with Dispute – The Town Board may, at its discretion, refuse to proceed with any dispute it determines is improper or baseless under this policy.

Union Employees – An employee who is a member of a collective bargaining unit should refer to the applicable collective bargaining agreement to determine if the employee's dispute (grievance) may be subject to the grievance procedure contained in the employee's collective bargaining agreement.

1200 APPENDICES

- A. EMPLOYEE HANDBOOK ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM
- B. TOWN OF PAWLING COMPLAINT FORM FOR DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT (INCLUDING SEXUAL HARASSMENT)
- C. WORKPLACE VIOLENCE INCIDENT REPORT FORM
- D. TOWN OF PAWLING EMPLOYEE COMPLAINT FORM

Appendix A:

Detach and place in employee's personnel file.

TOWN OF PAWLING EMPLOYEE HANDBOOK ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I hereby acknowledge that I have received a copy of the *Town of Pawling Employee Handbook* outlining the rules, regulations, procedures, practices, work standards, employment classifications, compensation, and benefits of the Town of Pawling. I further acknowledge that I have read, or will read the contents of the Employee Handbook and will contact my Department Head or the Town Supervisor if I have any questions.

I understand that the Employee Handbook is not meant to create a contract of employment, nor should it be construed as creating a contract of employment and that the Town Board of the Town of Pawling reserves the right to interpret, change or modify any section of the Employee Handbook at any time. Except as otherwise provided by law, I understand that I am an employee at will.

I understand that, if I am covered by a collective bargaining agreement between the Town of Pawling and an employee organization as defined by the Public Employees' Fair Employment Act, in the event an expressed and explicit provision set forth in a collective bargaining agreement should conflict with an employee benefit, personnel policy, personnel procedure, or other provision set forth in the Employee Handbook, the expressed and explicit provision of the collective bargaining agreement will control. Otherwise, unless expressly excluded herein, the Employee Handbook is applicable to all employees.

I agree to abide by the personnel policies, procedures, rules and regulations outlined in the Employee Handbook.

I understand that the Employee Handbook and the changes contained herein are intended to supersede all prior manuals and guidelines issued by the Town of Pawling, and may be changed from time to time, by the Town of Pawling.

Employee name (please print)	Department Head Name (please print)			
Employee Signature	Department Head Signature			
Date of Signature	Date of Signature			

Appendix B:

TOWN OF PAWLING COMPLAINT FORM

DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT (INCLUDING SEXUAL HARASSMENT)

This form is to be used to document any complaint of alleged discrimination and/or harassment, including sexual harassment, as outlined in the policy. Once you complete this form, please submit it to the appropriate individual as outlined in the policy. If you are more comfortable reporting the allegations verbally or in another manner, refer to your policy for guidance. Once you submit this complaint, the Town will commence an investigation pursuant to its policy.

Name of Complainant:	Department:
Name(s) of individual engaging in alleged discrimination and/or harassment including sexual harassment:	Department:
Describe the specific incident of discrimination and/or harassi separately, including dates, times and locations. If you can locations, provide approximations. Use additional pages if ne	nnot remember exact dates, times or

Are there others who may have witnessed this alleged discrimination and/or harassment? If so, provide their name(s).
Are there others who may have experienced similar alleged discrimination and/or harassment by the individual named above? If so, provide their name(s).
Did you tell anyone about your experience after the alleged incident(s)? If yes, provide their name(s).
Did you speak to the individual named in this report about the alleged discrimination and/or harassment? If yes, what was his or her response?
Complainant Signature*:
Date:
Print Name:
Job Title:
*I understand that the Town of Pawling prohibits any individual from retaliating against me for filing a complaint and that I am to report such retaliation pursuant to the Town's policy.
Signature of Person Receiving Complaint:
Date:
Print Name:
Job Title:

Appendix C:

THE TOWN OF PAWLING

Workplace Violence Incident Report Form

Inist	orm must be use	a to document any repor	table	workplace violence	ıncıaer	nt.
Victim	's Name					
Job Ti	tle					
Depar	tment / Location					
Date a	and Time of Incide	nt				
Locati	on of Incident					
Name	/ Job Title of Indiv	idual Completing Report				
Date I	ncident Report Co	mpleted				
Date F	Received by the To	own Supervisor				
The fo	ollowing are exam	ples of <u>Level I</u> types of wo	orkpla	ce violence incidents.		
•	Harassment Shouting	Obscene languageObscene gestures	•	Verbal abuse Bullying	•	Intimidation False statements
The fo	ollowing are exam	ples of <u>Level II</u> types of w	orkpla	ace violence incidents	5.	
• wi	Threatening th an object	 Verbal threats of assault 	•	Obscene or threatening calls	•	Being followed or stalked
The fo	ollowing actions ar	e examples of <u>Level III</u> ty	pes o	f workplace violence	inciden	nts.
•	Pushing Grabbing	 Striking with an Object 	•	Sexual Assault Stabbing	•	Homicide Shooting
Descr times	ibe each incident or locations, pleas	•	s, tim	es and locations. If ye additional pages if r	ou can iecessa	not remember exact dates ary.

If an injury has resulted from the workplace violence incident described above, please indicate that an injury has occurred and include a brief description of the injury:

List any individuals who may have witnessed this incident: Witness Name Witness Job Title Witness Work Phone Number

List any other individuals who m	nay	ha	ve been involved in this	s incident (employ	ree or non-employee):
Name of Persons Involved			Role in the Inc	cident	Contact Information
Assailant / Perpetrator	1		Name	Address	
Member of the Public	√ 		Name	Address	
Member of the Public Employee's Spouse	√ 		Name	Address	
Member of the Public Employee's Spouse Employee's Significant Other	√ 		Name	Address	
Member of the Public Employee's Spouse Employee's Significant Other Employee's Supervisor	√ _ _ _		Name	Address	
Member of the Public Employee's Spouse Employee's Significant Other Employee's Supervisor Coworker			Name	Address	
Member of the Public Employee's Spouse Employee's Significant Other Employee's Supervisor Coworker Former employee			Name	Address	
Member of the Public Employee's Spouse Employee's Significant Other Employee's Supervisor Coworker			Name	Address	
Member of the Public Employee's Spouse Employee's Significant Other Employee's Supervisor Coworker Former employee Other (specify) *I attest that the information I h	nave	sta ng a	rovided is a true and a atements. I understan a complaint and that I a	accurate descripti d that The Town am to notify my D	on of my complaint and that I have r of Pawling prohibits any individual Department Head, the Town
Member of the Public Employee's Spouse Employee's Significant Other Employee's Supervisor Coworker Former employee Other (specify) *I attest that the information I h willfully or deliberately made fa from retaliating against me for	nave	sta ng a	rovided is a true and a atements. I understan a complaint and that I a	accurate descripti d that The Town am to notify my D	of Pawling prohibits any individual
Member of the Public Employee's Spouse Employee's Significant Other Employee's Supervisor Coworker Former employee Other (specify) *I attest that the information I havillfully or deliberately made fafrom retaliating against me for Supervisor, or the Town Board	nave	stang a	rovided is a true and a atements. I understan a complaint and that I a	accurate descripti d that The Town am to notify my D	of Pawling prohibits any individual department Head, the Town

For Internal Town Use Only					
Did police respond to the incident?	☐ Yes	□No			
Was a police report filed?	☐ Yes	□ No F	Police Report	Number	
Was the victim injured?	☐ Yes	☐ No			
If yes, please specify the injuries and th	e name and loca	ation of the fac	cility that prov	ided medical care:	
Did the victim lose any work days?	☐ Yes	□No	If yes, nu	mber of days	
Has the victim been informed of the cris	sis counseling se	ervices availab	le?	☐ No	
Has the victim received counseling since	e this incident?		☐ Yes	□ No	
Did the victim have any reason to believe	e that this incide	ent might occu	ır? 🗌 Yes	□ No	
Has the authorized employee representa	tive been notified	d? 🗌 Yes (D	oate)		N/A
Has the Town taken any measures to p	revent similar ind	cidents from o	ccurring in the	e future?	
☐ Yes ☐ No					
Indicate the steps that have been taken t	o mitigate future	incidents of a s	similar nature:		
A	ction Taken			Date Completed	
Indicate any steps currently being taken measures being taken:	by the Town to m	nitigate future ir	ncidents and/o	or any interim protective	_
Action in Progress and	d/or Interim Prot	ective Measu	res	Estimated Date of Completion	
Indicate any other work sites, if applicable	e, that will require	e similar action	to mitigate fu	ture incidents:	
DEPARTMENT HEAD SIGNATURE			DATE		
TOWN SUPERVISOR SIGNATURE			DATE		

Appendix D:

TOWN OF PAWLING EMPLOYEE COMPLAINT FORM

This form is to be used to document an employee complaint that does not fall under the definition of workplace violence, discrimination and/or harassment, including sexual harassment, as outlined in the applicable policies contained in the Employee Handbook. This form can be used to report incidents of bullying, a hostile work environment, or any other potential violation of Town policy. Once you complete this form, please submit it to the Town's HR Consultant, your Department Head, the Town Supervisor or any member of the Town Board.

Name of Complainant:	Department:
Name(s) of individual engaging in the conduct described below:	Department:
Describe the specific incident. Describe each incident se locations. If you cannot remember exact dates, times or loc additional pages if necessary.	

With a compared to the construct decession of the const
Witnesses to the conduct described above:
And there athere who was have experienced similar conduct.
Are there others who may have experienced similar conduct:
Complainant Signature*:
Date:
Print Name:
Job Title:
*I understand that the Town of Pawling prohibits any individual from retaliating against me for filing a complaint and that I am to report such retaliation pursuant to the Town's policy.
complaint and that I am to report each rotalization paredam to the rown e policy.
Signature of Person Receiving Complaint:
Deter
Date:
Print Name:
Job Title: